



Study the
Noble Qur'ân
Word-for-Word

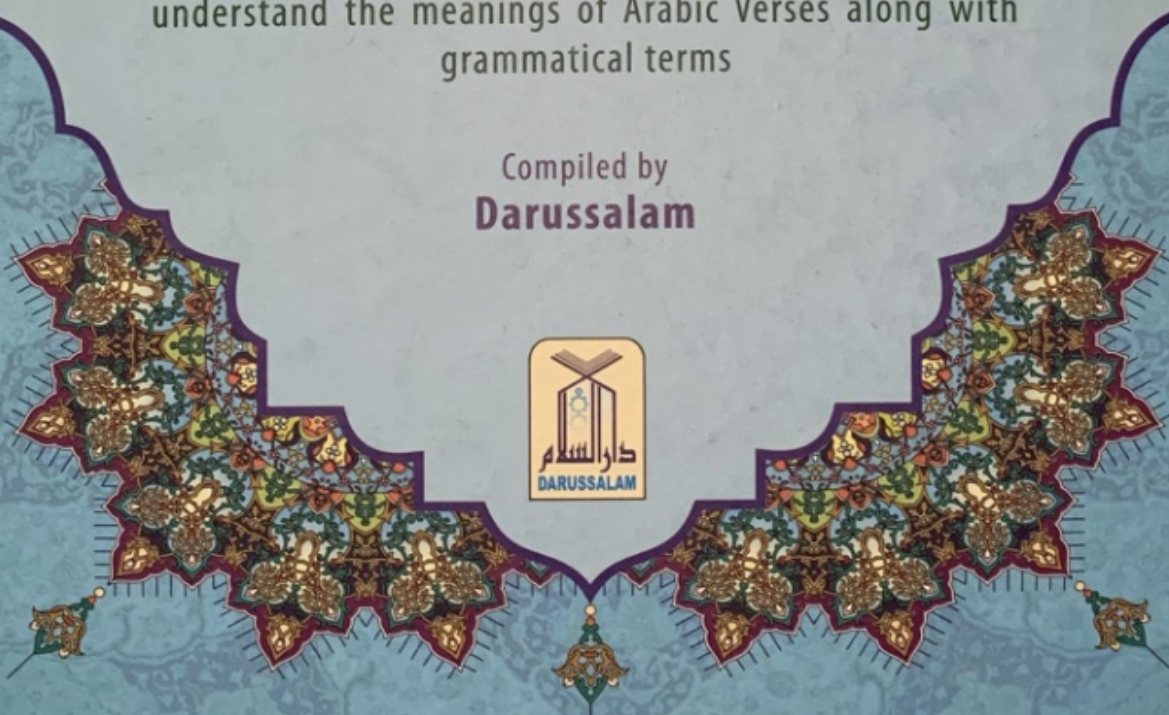
Volume 2

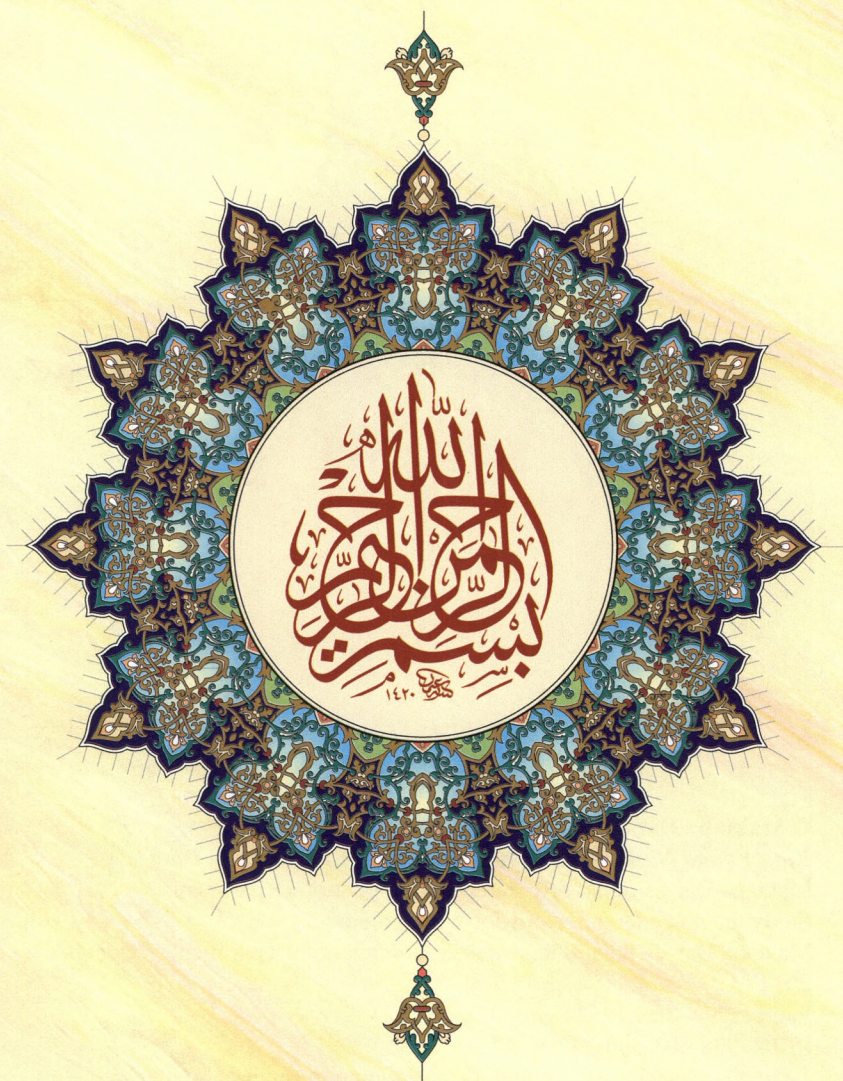
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(Part 11-20)

The first Coloured Word-for-Word English translation to understand the meanings of Arabic Verses along with grammatical terms

Compiled by
Darussalam





In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

﴿ وَمَا مِنْ دَابَّةٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهِ رِزْقُهَا وَيَعْلَمُ مُسْتَقَرَّهَا وَمُسْتَوْدَعَهَا كُلٌّ فِي كِتَابٍ مُبِينٍ ﴿٦﴾ وَهُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ وَكَانَ عَرْشُهُ عَلَى الْمَاءِ لِيَبْلُوَكُمْ أَيُّكُمْ أَحْسَنُ عَمَلًا وَلَئِنْ قُلْتُمْ إِنَّكُمْ مَبْعُوثُونَ مِنْ بَعْدِ الْمَوْتِ لَيَقُولَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ ﴿٧﴾ ﴾

6. And no moving (living) creature is there on earth but its provision is due from Allāh. And He knows its dwelling place and its deposit (in the uterus or grave). All is in a Clear Book (*Al-Lauh Al-Mahfūz* – the Book of Decrees with Allāh). 7. And He it is Who has created the heavens and the earth in six Days and His Throne was on the water, that He might try you, which of you is the best in (good) deeds [i.e., these good deeds should be totally for Allāh's sake and not to show off, and according to the ways and traditions of Prophet Muhammad ﷺ]. But if you were to say to them: "You shall indeed be raised up after death," those who disbelieve would be sure to say, "This is nothing but obvious magic."

إِلَّا	فِي الْأَرْضِ	مِنْ دَابَّةٍ	وَمَا
but	on the earth	any moving (living) creature	and (there is) no
وَمُسْتَوْدَعَهَا	وَيَعْلَمُ مُسْتَقَرَّهَا	عَلَى اللَّهِ رِزْقُهَا	
and its deposit	and He knows its dwelling place	its provision (is) due from Allah	
السَّمَوَاتِ	الَّذِي خَلَقَ	وَهُوَ	مُبِينٍ ﴿٦﴾
the heavens	Who has created	and He (it is)	Clear
وَالْأَرْضِ	فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ	وَكَانَ عَرْشُهُ	عَلَى الْمَاءِ
and the earth	in six	and His Throne was	on the water
لِيَبْلُوَكُمْ	وَلَئِنْ قُلْتُمْ	أَيُّكُمْ	أَحْسَنُ
that He might test you	but if you were to say (to them)	(in) deeds	(is the) best
إِنَّكُمْ	لَيَقُولَنَّ	الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا	مَبْعُوثُونَ
you indeed	would be sure to say	[the] death	after
مَبْعُوثُونَ	لَيَقُولَنَّ	الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا	مَبْعُوثُونَ
those who disbelieve	would be sure to say	[the] death	after
مُبِينٌ ﴿٧﴾	إِلَّا سِحْرٌ	إِنْ هَذَا	
obvious	but a magic	this (is) nothing	

وَلَيْنَ أَخْرَجْنَاهُمُ الْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ مَّعْدُودَةٍ لَّيَقُولُنَّ مَا يَحْبِسُهُ ۗ أَلَا يَوْمَ يَأْتِيهِمْ لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا عَنْهُمْ وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿٨﴾ وَلَيْنَ أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ إِنَّهُ لَيَكْفُرُ ۚ وَلَيْنَ أَذَقْنَاهُ نَعْمَاءً بَعْدَ ضِرَاءٍ مَسَّتَهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ السَّيِّئَاتُ عَنِّي إِنَّهُ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾

8. And if We delay the torment for them till a determined term, they are sure to say, "What keeps it back?" Verily, on the day it reaches them, nothing will turn it away from them, and they will be surrounded by (or fall in) that at which they used to mock! 9. And if We give man a taste of mercy from Us, and then withdraw it from him, verily, he is despairing, ungrateful. 10. But if We let him taste good (favour) after evil (poverty and harm) has touched him, he is sure to say: "Ills have departed from me." Surely, he is exultant, and boastful (ungrateful to Allāh).

وَلَيْنَ أَخْرَجْنَاهُمُ الْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ مَّعْدُودَةٍ لَّيَقُولُنَّ	وَلَيْنَ أَخْرَجْنَاهُمُ الْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ مَّعْدُودَةٍ	وَلَيْنَ أَخْرَجْنَاهُمُ الْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ مَّعْدُودَةٍ	وَلَيْنَ أَخْرَجْنَاهُمُ الْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ مَّعْدُودَةٍ	وَلَيْنَ أَخْرَجْنَاهُمُ الْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ مَّعْدُودَةٍ	وَلَيْنَ أَخْرَجْنَاهُمُ الْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ مَّعْدُودَةٍ
they are sure to say	determined	till a term	the torment	for them	and if We delay
لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا	لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا	لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا	لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا	لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا	لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا
nothing will turn it away	it reaches them	verily (on the) day	keeps it back	what	
وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿٨﴾	وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿٨﴾	وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿٨﴾	وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿٨﴾	وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿٨﴾	وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿٨﴾
mockat [it]	what they used to	them	and surrounded	from them	
وَلَيْنَ أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ	وَلَيْنَ أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ	وَلَيْنَ أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ	وَلَيْنَ أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ	وَلَيْنَ أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ	وَلَيْنَ أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ
from him	then We withdraw it	(of) mercy	from Us	and if We give man a taste	
نَعْمَاءٌ	نَعْمَاءٌ	نَعْمَاءٌ	نَعْمَاءٌ	نَعْمَاءٌ	نَعْمَاءٌ
good (favour)	but if We let him taste	ungrateful	(is) despairing	verily he	
بَعْدَ ضِرَاءٍ مَسَّتَهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ السَّيِّئَاتُ عَنِّي إِنَّهُ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	بَعْدَ ضِرَاءٍ مَسَّتَهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ السَّيِّئَاتُ عَنِّي إِنَّهُ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	بَعْدَ ضِرَاءٍ مَسَّتَهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ السَّيِّئَاتُ عَنِّي إِنَّهُ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	بَعْدَ ضِرَاءٍ مَسَّتَهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ السَّيِّئَاتُ عَنِّي إِنَّهُ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	بَعْدَ ضِرَاءٍ مَسَّتَهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ السَّيِّئَاتُ عَنِّي إِنَّهُ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	بَعْدَ ضِرَاءٍ مَسَّتَهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ السَّيِّئَاتُ عَنِّي إِنَّهُ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾
ills have departed	he is sure to say	has touched him	evil (poverty and harm)	after	
فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾	فَخُورٌ ﴿٩﴾
(and) boastful	(is) exultant	surely he	from me		

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ أُولَٰئِكَ لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ ﴿١١﴾ فَلَعَلَّكَ تَارِكٌ بَعْضَ مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَيْكَ وَضَائِقٌ بِهِ صَدْرُكَ أَنْ يَقُولُوا لَوْلَا أُنزِلَ عَلَيْهِ كَنْزٌ أَوْ جَاءَ مَعَهُ مَلَكٌ إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ نَذِيرٌ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكِيلٌ ﴿١٢﴾ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَاهُ قُلْ فَآتُوا بَعَشْرَ سُورٍ مِّثْلِهِ مَفْتَرِيَاتٍ وَأَدْعُوا مَنِ اسْتَطَعْتُمْ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٣﴾

11. Except those who show patience and do righteous good deeds: those, theirs will be forgiveness and a great reward (Paradise). 12. So, perchance you (Muhammad ﷺ) may give up a part of what is revealed to you, and that your breast feels straitened for it because they say, "Why has not a treasure been sent down to him, or an angel come with him?" But you are only a warner. And Allāh is a *Wakil* (Disposer of affairs, Trustee, Guardian) over all things. 13. Or they say, "He (Prophet Muhammad ﷺ) forged it (the Qur'ān)." Say: "Bring you then ten forged *Sūrah* (chapters) like it, and call whomsoever you can, other than Allāh (to your help), if you speak the truth!"

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوا	وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ	أُولَٰئِكَ لَهُمْ		
except those who show patience	and do righteous deeds	those	for them	
مَغْفِرَةٌ	وَأَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ ﴿١١﴾	فَلَعَلَّكَ		
(will be) forgiveness	and a reward (Paradise)	so perchance you (Muhammad)	great	
تَارِكٌ	بَعْضَ	مَا يُوحَىٰ	إِلَيْكَ	وَضَائِقٌ
may give up	a part	(of) what is revealed	unto you	and (that feels) straitened
بِهِ	صَدْرُكَ	أَنْ يَقُولُوا	لَوْلَا أُنزِلَ	عَلَيْهِ
for it	your breast	because they say	why has not been sent down?	unto him
كَنْزٌ	أَوْ جَاءَ مَعَهُ	مَلَكٌ	إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ	نَذِيرٌ
a treasure	or has come with him	an angel	only you	(are) a warner
عَلَىٰ كُلِّ	شَيْءٍ	وَكِيلٌ ﴿١٢﴾	أَمْ يَقُولُونَ	افْتَرَاهُ
over all	things	(is) a Guardian	or they say	he (Muhammad) forged it (the Quran)
قُلْ	فَاتُوا	بِعَشْرِ	سُورٍ	مِثْلِهِ
say	then bring	ten	Surahs (Chapters)	forged
قُلْ	فَاتُوا	بِعَشْرِ	سُورٍ	مِثْلِهِ
say	then bring	ten	Surahs (Chapters)	forged

مِنْ أَسْتَطَعْتُمْ	مَنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ	إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٣﴾
whomsoever you can	other than Allah	if you are truthful

فَالَمْ يَسْتَجِيبُوا لَكُمْ فَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا أُنزِلَ بِعِلْمِ اللَّهِ وَأَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿١٤﴾ مَنْ كَانَ يَرِيدُ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا وَزِينَتَهَا نُوفٍ إِلَيْهِمْ أَعْمَلَهُمْ فِيهَا وَهُمْ فِيهَا لَا يُبْخَسُونَ ﴿١٥﴾ أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ لَيْسَ لَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ إِلَّا النَّارُ وَحِطَّ مَا صَنَعُوا فِيهَا وَبَدِّلْ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٦﴾

14. If then they answer you not, know then that it [the Revelation (this Qur'ān)] is sent down with the Knowledge of Allāh and that *Lā ilāha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He)! Will you then be Muslims (those who submit in Islam)? 15. Whosoever desires the life of the world and its glitter, to them We shall pay in full (the wages of) their deeds therein, and they will have no diminution therein. 16. They are those for whom there is nothing in the Hereafter but Fire, and vain are the deeds they did therein. And of no effect is that which they used to do.

فَالَمْ يَسْتَجِيبُوا	لَكُمْ	فَاعْلَمُوا	أَنَّمَا
if then they answer not	[to] you	then know	that
أُنزِلَ بِعِلْمِ اللَّهِ		وَأَنَّ	لَا إِلَهَ
it (the Quran) is sent down with (the) Knowledge (of) Allah		and that	(there is) no god
فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ	مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿١٤﴾	مَنْ كَانَ	يُرِيدُ
(will) you then?	(be) Muslims	whosoever was	wanting
بِأَلَا هُوَ	الْحَيَاةَ	الدُّنْيَا	وَزِينَتَهَا
but He	the life	(of) the world	and its glitter
فِيهَا	وَهُمْ	فِيهَا	لَا يُبْخَسُونَ ﴿١٥﴾
therein	and they	therein	will not be decreased
أُولَئِكَ	الَّذِينَ	لَيْسَ لَهُمْ	فِي الْآخِرَةِ
they	(are) those	(there) is nothing for them	in the Hereafter
وَحِطَّ	إِلَّا النَّارُ	مَا صَنَعُوا	وَبَدِّلْ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٦﴾
and is vain	but Fire	what they did	and of no effect is that which they used to do

يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٧﴾	مَا كَانُوا	وَبَطِلٌ	فِيهَا
do	(is) that which they used to	and of no effect	therein

أَفَمَنْ كَانَ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّهِ ۖ وَيَتْلُوهُ شَاهِدٌ مِّنْهُ وَمِن قَبْلِهِ ۖ كَتَبَ مُوسَىٰٓ إِيمَانًا وَرَحْمَةً ۗ أُولَٰئِكَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ ۗ وَمَن يَكْفُرْ بِهِ ۖ مِنَ الْأَحْزَابِ ۖ فَالنَّارُ مَوْعِدُهُ ۗ فَلَا تَكُ فِي مَرِيَّةٍ مِّنْهُ ۗ إِنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِّن رَّبِّكَ ۗ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٧﴾

17. Can they (Muslims) who rely on a clear proof (the Qur'ān) from their Lord, and whom a witness [Jibrāil (Gabriel ﷺ)] from Him recites (follows) it (can they be equal with the disbelievers); and before it, came the Book of Mūsā (Moses), a guidance and a mercy, they believe therein, but those of the sects (Jews, Christians and all the other non-Muslim nations) that reject it (the Qur'ān), the Fire will be their promised meeting place. So be not in doubt about it (i.e. those who denied Prophet Muhammad ﷺ and also denied all that which he brought from Allāh. Surely, they will enter Hell). Verily, it is the truth from your Lord, but most of mankind believe not.

وَيَتْلُوهُ	مِّن رَّبِّهِ ۖ	كَانَ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ	أَفَمَنْ
and recites it	from his Lord	is on a clear proof (the Quran)	then (is he) who?
كَتَبَ	وَمِن قَبْلِهِ ۖ	مِّنْهُ	شَاهِدٌ
(came the) Book	and before it	from Him	a witness (Prophet Muhammad)
مُوسَىٰٓ	أُولَٰئِكَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ ۗ	وَرَحْمَةً	إِيمَانًا
(of) Moses	they believe therein	and a mercy	(as) a guidance
فَالنَّارُ	مِن الْأَحْزَابِ	بِهِ ۗ	وَمَن يَكْفُرُ
then the Fire	of the sects	it (the Quran)	but (those) who reject
مَوْعِدُهُ ۗ	فَلَا تَكُ	فِي مَرِيَّةٍ	إِنَّهُ
(will be) their promised (meeting) place	so be not	in doubt	about it
أَلْحَقُّ	مِن رَّبِّكَ ۗ	وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ	النَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٧﴾
(is) the truth	from your Lord	[and] but most	(of) the mankind believe not

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا أُولَٰئِكَ يُعْرَضُونَ عَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ وَيَقُولُ

الْأَشْهَادُ هَتُّوْلَاءِ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ أَلَا لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٨﴾ الَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَنِ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَيَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ كَافِرُونَ ﴿١٩﴾ أُولَئِكَ لَمْ يَكُونُوا مُعْجِزِينَ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَمَا كَانَ لَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَوْلِيَاءَ يُضْعَفُ لَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مَا كَانُوا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ السَّمْعَ وَمَا كَانُوا يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾

18. And who does more wrong than he who invents a lie against Allāh. Such will be brought before their Lord, and the witnesses will say, "These are the ones who lied against their Lord!" No doubt! the Curse of Allāh is on the *Zālimūn* (polytheists, wrongdoers, oppressors). 19. Those who hinder (others) from the path of Allāh (Islamic Monotheism), and seek a crookedness therein, while they are disbelievers in the Hereafter. 20. By no means will they escape (from Allāh's torment) on earth, nor have they protectors besides Allāh! Their torment will be doubled! They could not bear to hear (the preachers of the truth) and they used not to see (the truth because of their severe aversion, in spite of the fact that they had the sense of hearing and sight).

وَمَنْ	أَظْلَمُ	مِمَّنْ افْتَرَى	عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا
and who	(does) more wrong	than (he) who invents	a lie against Allah
أُولَئِكَ يُعْرَضُونَ	عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ	وَيَقُولُ الْأَشْهَادُ	هَتُّوْلَاءِ
such will be brought	before their Lord	and the witnesses will say	these
الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا	عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ	أَلَا لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ	
(are) the ones who lied	against their Lord	no doubt (the) Curse (of) Allah	
عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٨﴾	الَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ	عَنِ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ	
(is) on the wrongdoers	those who hinder (others)	from (the) path (of) Allah	
وَيَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا	وَهُمْ	بِالْآخِرَةِ	كَافِرُونَ ﴿١٩﴾
and seek therein	while they	in the Hereafter	(are) disbelievers [they]
أُولَئِكَ لَمْ يَكُونُوا	مُعْجِزِينَ	فِي الْأَرْضِ	وَمَا كَانَ
such will not be	able to escape (from Allah's torment)	on the earth	[did] nor
لَهُمْ	مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ	يُضْعَفُ لَهُمْ	الْعَذَابُ
they have	besides Allah	will be doubled for them	the torment

يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾	وَمَا كَانُوا	يَسْتَطِيعُونَ السَّمْعَ	مَا كَانُوا
see	nor they used to	able to hear	they were not

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿٢١﴾ لَاجِرَمَ أَنَّهُمْ فِي
 الْآخِرَةِ هُمُ الْآخْسَرُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ وَأَخْبَتُوا إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ
 أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾ ﴿٢٤﴾ مَثَلُ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ كَالْأَعْمَى
 وَالْأَصْمَى وَالْبَصِيرِ وَالسَّمِيعِ هَلْ يَسْتَوِيَانِ مَثَلًا أَفَلَا نَذْكُرُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾

21. They are those who have lost their ownselves, and their invented false deities will vanish from them. 22. Certainly, they are those who will be the greatest losers in the Hereafter. 23. Verily, those who believe (in the Oneness of Allāh – Islamic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, and humble themselves (in repentance and obedience) before their Lord, they will be dwellers of Paradise to dwell therein forever. 24. The likeness of the two parties is as the blind and the deaf and the seer and the hearer. Are they equal when compared? Will you not then take heed?

عَنْهُمْ	وَضَلَّ	أَنفُسَهُمْ	الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا	أُولَئِكَ	
from them	and will vanish	their ownselves	who have lost	(they are) those	
هُمْ	فِي الْآخِرَةِ	أَنَّهُمْ	لَاجِرَمَ	يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿٢١﴾	مَا كَانُوا
[they]	in the Hereafter	that they	no doubt	inventing (false deities)	what they were
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ	إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا	الْآخْسَرُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾			
and do righteous deeds	verily those who believe	(will be) the greatest losers			
هُمْ	الْجَنَّةِ هُمْ	أَصْحَابُ	أُولَئِكَ	إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ	وَأَخْبَتُوا
they (of) Paradise	(will be the) dwellers	they	before their Lord	and humble themselves	
وَالْأَصْمَى	كَالْأَعْمَى	الْفَرِيقَيْنِ	مَثَلُ	خَالِدُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾	فِيهَا
and the deaf	(is) as the blind	(of) the two parties	(the) likeness	(will) dwell forever	therein
أَفَلَا نَذْكُرُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾	هَلْ يَسْتَوِيَانِ مَثَلًا	وَالسَّمِيعِ	وَالْبَصِيرِ		
(will) you not then take heed?	are they equal when compared?	and the hearer	and the seer		

وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ إِتِي لَكُمْ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿٢٥﴾ أَنْ لَا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا اللَّهَ إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْمِ الْيَوْمِ ﴿٢٦﴾ فَقَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ مَا نَرْنَكَ إِلَّا بَشَرًا مِثْلَنَا وَمَا نَرْنَكَ أَتْبَعَكَ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ هُمْ أَرَادُوا بِادِي الرَّأْيِ وَمَا نَرَىٰ لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا مِنْ فَضْلٍ بَلْ نَظُنُّكُمْ كَاذِبِينَ ﴿٢٧﴾

25. And indeed We sent Nūh (Noah) to his people (and he said): "I have come to you as a plain warner." 26. "That you worship none but Allāh; surely, I fear for you the torment of a painful Day." 27. The chiefs who disbelieved among his people said: "We see you but a man like ourselves, nor do we see any follow you but the meanest among us and they (too) followed you without thinking. And we do not see in you any merit above us, in fact we think you are liars."

لَكُمْ	إِنِّي	إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ	وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا
(have come) to you	(and he said) verily I	to his people	and indeed We sent Noah
نَذِيرٌ	مُّبِينٌ ﴿٢٥﴾	أَنْ لَا تَعْبُدُوا	إِلَّا اللَّهَ
(as) a warner	plain	(do) not worship	but Allah
عَذَابَ	يَوْمِ	فَقَالَ الْمَلَأُ	الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
(the) torment	(of) a Day	so said the chiefs	(of) those who disbelieved
مِنْ قَوْمِهِ	مَا نَرْنَكَ	إِلَّا بَشَرًا	مِثْلَنَا
among his people	we see you not	but a man	like ourselves
إِلَّا الَّذِينَ	هُمْ	أَرَادُوا	بِادِي الرَّأْيِ
but those who	[they]	(are) the rejected among us	without deep thinking
وَمَا نَرَىٰ	لَكُمْ	عَلَيْنَا	مِنْ فَضْلٍ
and we (do) not see	in you	above us	any merit
كَاذِبِينَ ﴿٢٧﴾	بَلْ نَظُنُّكُمْ	كَاذِبِينَ ﴿٢٧﴾	
(are) liars	nay we think you	are) liars	

قَالَ يَقَوْمِ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّي وَءَانِنِي رَحْمَةً مِّنْ عِنْدِهِ فَعُمِّيَتْ عَلَيْكُمْ أَنزَلْنَا مُكْذِبًا وَأَنْتُمْ لَهَا كَاذِبُونَ ﴿٢٨﴾ وَيَقَوْمِ لَا تَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مَا لَآ إِن آجَرِي إِلَّا عَلَىٰ اللَّهِ وَمَا أَنَا بِطَارِدِ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِنَّهُمْ مُلَقُوا رَبِّهِمْ وَلَكِنِّي أَرَأَيْتُمْ قَوْمًا تَجْهَلُونَ ﴿٢٩﴾

28. He said: "O my people! Tell me, if I have a clear proof from my Lord, and a mercy (Prophethood) has come to me from Him, but that (mercy) has been obscured from your sight. Shall we compel you to accept it (Islamic Monotheism) when you have a strong hatred for it? 29. "And O my people! I ask of you no wealth for it, my reward is from none but Allāh. I am not going to drive away those who have believed. Surely, they are going to meet their Lord, but I see that you are a people that are ignorant.

قَالَ يَقَوْمِ	أَرَأَيْتُمْ	إِنْ كُنْتُ	عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ	مِّن رَّبِّي
he said O my people	(do) you see?	if I was	on a clear proof	from my Lord
وَأَنْنِي	رَحْمَةً	مِّن عِنْدِهِ	فَعُمِّيَتْ	
And He has given me	a mercy	from Him	but (that mercy) has been obscured	
عَلَيْكُمْ	أَنْزِمُكُمْ هَا	وَأَنْتُمْ	هَٰذَا	كَرِهْتُمْ
from your (sight)	(shall) we compel you (to accept) it?	while you	for it	have hatred
وَيَقَوْمِ	لَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ	عَلَيْهِ	مَالًا	إِنْ أَجْرِي
and O my people	I ask not of you	for it	any wealth	but my reward (is) not
عَلَى اللَّهِ	وَمَا أَنَا	بِطَارِدٍ	الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا	إِنَّهُمْ
from Allah	and I am not	going to drive away	those who have believed	surely they
مُلَقَّوًا	رَبِّهِمْ	وَلَكِنِّي	أَرَأَيْتُمْ	قَوْمًا تَجْهَلُونَ
(are) going to meet	their Lord	[and] but I	see you	a people (that) are ignorant

وَيَقَوْمٍ مِّن يَنْصُرُنِي مِنَ اللَّهِ إِنْ طَرَدْتُهُمْ أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٣٠﴾ وَلَا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ عِنْدِي خَزَائِنُ اللَّهِ وَلَا أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبَ وَلَا أَقُولُ إِنِّي مَلَكٌ وَلَا أَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ تَزْدَرِي أَعْيُنُكُمْ لَنْ يُؤْتِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ خَيْرًا اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ إِنِّي إِذًا لَمِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٣١﴾

30. "And O my people! Who will help me against Allāh, if I drove them away? Will you not then give a thought? 31. "And I do not say to you that with me are the Treasures of Allāh, nor that I know the *Ghaib* (Unseen); nor do I say I am an angel, and I do not say of those whom your eyes look down upon that Allāh will not bestow any good on them. Allāh knows what is in their inner selves (as regards belief). In that case, I should, indeed be one of the *Zālimūn*

(wrongdoers, oppressors).”

وَيَقَوْمٍ	مَنْ	يَنْصُرُنِي مِنَ اللَّهِ	إِنْ طَرَدْتَهُمْ
and O my people	who	will help me against Allah	if I drove them away
أَفَلَا نَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٣٠﴾	وَلَا أَقُولُ	لَكُمْ	عِنْدِي
(will) you not then give a thought?	and I (do) not say	to you	(that) with me
خَزَائِنُ اللَّهِ	وَلَا أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبِ	وَلَا أَقُولُ	إِنِّي
(are the) Treasures (of) Allah	nor I know the Unseen	nor I say	that I am
وَلَا أَقُولُ	لِلَّذِينَ تَزْدِرِي	أَعْيُنَكُمْ	لَنْ يُؤْتِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ
nor I say	of those whom look down upon	your eyes	(that) Allah will never bestow on them
خَيْرًا	اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ	بِمَا	فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ
any good	Allah knows best	what	(is) in their inner selves
إِذَا	لَمِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٣١﴾		
in that case	indeed (should be one) of the wrongdoers		

قَالُوا يَنْبُوحُ قَدْ جَدَلْتَنَا فَأَكْثَرْتَ جِدَالَنَا فَأُنْبِئُكَ بِمَا تَعُدُّنَا إِن كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾ قَالَ إِنَّمَا يَأْتِيكُمْ بِهِ اللَّهُ إِنْ شَاءَ وَمَا أَنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ ﴿٣٣﴾ وَلَا يَفْعَلُكُمْ نَصْحِي إِنْ أَرَدْتُ أَنْ أُنصَحَ لَكُمْ إِنْ كَانَ اللَّهُ يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُغْوِيَكُمْ هُوَ رَبُّكُمْ وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿٣٤﴾

32. They said: “O Nūh (Noah)! You have disputed with us and much have you prolonged the dispute with us, now bring upon us what you threaten us with, if you are of the truthful.” 33. He said: “Only Allāh will bring it (the punishment) on you, if He wills, and then you will escape not. 34. “And my advice will not profit you, even if I wish to give you good counsel, if Allāh’s Will is to keep you astray. He is your Lord! and to Him you shall return.”

قَالُوا يَنْبُوحُ	قَدْ جَدَلْتَنَا	فَأَكْثَرْتَ جِدَالَنَا		
they said O Noah	verily you disputed us	and (much) have you prolonged the dispute with us		
فَأُنْبِئْنَا	بِمَا	تَعُدُّنَا	إِنْ كُنْتَ	مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾
so bring upon us	what	you threaten us	if you are	of the truthful
قَالَ				
he said				

بِمُعْجِزِينَ ﴿٢٢﴾	وَمَا أَنْتُمْ	إِنْ شَاءَ	اللَّهِ	بِهِ	إِنَّمَا يَأْتِيكُمْ
escape (it)	and you (will) not	if He wills	Allah	it	only will bring on you
لَكُمْ	أَنْ أَنْصَحَ	إِنْ أَرَدْتُ	نُصِيحِي	وَلَا يَنْفَعُكُمْ	
to you	to give good counsel	(even) if I wish	my advice	and will not profit you	
﴿٢٤﴾ وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ	رَبِّكُمْ	هُوَ	أَنْ يُغْوِيَكُمْ	يُرِيدُ	إِنْ كَانَ اللَّهُ
and to Him you shall be returned	(is) your Lord	He	to keep you astray	wanting	if Allah was

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَبَهُ قُلْ إِنْ افْتَرَيْتُهُ، فَعَلَىٰ إِجْرَامِي وَأَنَا بَرِيءٌ مِّمَّا يُجْرِمُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾ وَأُوْحِيَ إِلَىٰ نُوحٍ أَنَّهُ لَنْ يُؤْمِنَ مِنْ قَوْمِكَ إِلَّا مَنْ قَدْ ءَامَنَ فَلَا تَبْتَئِسْ بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٢٦﴾ وَأَصْنَعِ الْفُلَكَ بِأَعْيُنِنَا ووَحِينَا وَلَا تَخْطِبْنِي فِي الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا إِنَّهُمْ مُّغْرَقُونَ ﴿٢٧﴾

35. Or they (the pagans of Makkah) say: "He (Muhammad ﷺ) has fabricated it (the Qur'ān)." Say: "If I have fabricated it, upon me be my crimes, but I am innocent of (all) those crimes which you commit." 36. And it was revealed to Nūh (Noah): "None of your people will believe except those who have believed already. So be not sad because of what they used to do. 37. "And construct the ship under Our Eyes and with Our Revelation, and call not upon Me on behalf of those who did wrong; they are surely to be drowned."

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ	أَفْتَرَبَهُ	قُلْ	إِنْ افْتَرَيْتُهُ،	
or they say	he (Muhammad) has fabricated it (the Quran)	say	if I have fabricated it	
فَعَلَىٰ	وَإِنَّا	بَرِيءٌ	مِّمَّا يُجْرِمُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾	إِجْرَامِي
then upon me	and I am	innocent	of what crimes you commit	(be) my crimes
وَأُوْحِيَ	إِلَىٰ نُوحٍ أَنَّهُ	لَنْ يُؤْمِنَ	مِنْ قَوْمِكَ	إِلَّا مَنْ
and it was revealed	to Noah	will never believe	of your people	except (those) who
قَدْ ءَامَنَ	فَلَا تَبْتَئِسْ	بِمَا كَانُوا	يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٢٦﴾	
verily have believed	so be not sad	(because) of what they used to	do	

وَأَصْنَعِ الْفُلَكَ	بِأَعْيُنِنَا	وَوَحَيْنَا	وَلَا تُخَاطِبْنِي
and construct the ship	under Our Eyes	and (with) Our Revelation	and address Me not
فِي الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ^{٣٧}	إِنَّهُمْ	مُغْرَقُونَ ^{٣٨}	
on behalf (of) those who did wrong	they (are) surely	to be drowned	

وَيَصْنَعُ الْفُلَكَ وَكُلَّمَا مَرَّ عَلَيْهِ مَلَأَ مِنْ قَوْمِهِ سَخِرُوا مِنْهُ قَالَ إِنْ تَسْخَرُوا مِنَّا فَإِنَّا نَسْخَرُ مِنْكُمْ كَمَا تَسْخَرُونَ ﴿٣٨﴾ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ يَأْتِيهِ عَذَابٌ يُخْزِيهِ وَيَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ عَذَابٌ مُّقِيمٌ ﴿٣٩﴾ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا وَفَارَ التَّنُّورُ قُلْنَا احْمِلْ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ زَوْجَيْنِ اثْنَيْنِ وَأَهْلَكَ إِلَّا مَنْ سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ الْقَوْلُ وَمَنْ آمَنَ وَمَا آمَنَ مَعَهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ ﴿٤٠﴾

38. And as he was constructing the ship, whenever the chiefs of his people passed by him, they mocked at him. He said: "If you mock at us, so do we mock at you likewise for your mocking. 39. "And you will know who it is on whom will come a torment that will cover him with disgrace and on whom will fall a lasting torment." 40. (So it was) till when Our Command came and the oven gushed forth (water like fountains from the earth). We said: "Embark therein, of each kind two (male and female), and your family – except him against whom the Word has already gone forth – and those who believe. And none believed with him, except a few."

وَيَصْنَعُ الْفُلَكَ	وَكُلَّمَا	مَرَّ عَلَيْهِ	مَلَأَ	مِنْ قَوْمِهِ
and he was constructing the ship	and whenever	passed by him	(the) chiefs	of his people
سَخِرُوا مِنْهُ ^{٣٨}	قَالَ	إِنْ تَسْخَرُوا مِنَّا	فَإِنَّا نَسْخَرُ مِنْكُمْ	كَمَا تَسْخَرُونَ ﴿٣٨﴾
they mocked at him	he said	if you mock at us	so we mock at you	as you mock
فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ	مَنْ	يَأْتِيهِ	عَذَابٌ	يُخْزِيهِ
and soon you will know	who (it is)	(on) whom will come	a torment	(that) will disgrace him
وَيَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ	عَذَابٌ	مُقِيمٌ ﴿٣٩﴾	حَتَّىٰ إِذَا	جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا
on him	a torment	lasting	(so it was) till when	Our Command came
وَفَارَ التَّنُّورُ	قُلْنَا	احْمِلْ فِيهَا	مِنْ كُلِّ	زَوْجَيْنِ
And the oven gushed forth	We said	carry	of each	pair

سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ	إِلَّا مَنْ	وَأَهْلَكَ	أَتَيْنَ
has (already) gone forth against him	except whom	and your family	two (male and female)
إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ	وَمَا آمَنَ مَعَهُ	وَمَنْ آمَنَ	الْقَوْلُ
except a few	and believed not with him	and (those) who believed	the Word

﴿٤١﴾ وَقَالَ ارْكَبُوا فِيهَا بِسْمِ اللَّهِ جَحْرُهَا وَمُرْسَاهَا إِنَّ رَبِّي لَغَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٤٢﴾ وَهِيَ تَجْرِي بِهِمْ فِي مَوْجٍ كَالْجِبَالِ وَنَادَى نُوحٌ ابْنَهُ، وَكَانَ فِي مَعْرِلٍ يُبْنَى أَرْكَبْ مَعَنَا وَلَا تَكُنْ مَعَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٤٣﴾

41. And he [Nūh (Noah ﷺ)] said: "Embark therein: in the Name of Allāh will be its (moving) course and its (resting) anchorage. Surely, my Lord is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful." 42. So it (the ship) sailed with them amidst waves like mountains, and Nūh (Noah) called out to his son, who had separated himself (apart): "O my son! Embark with us and be not with the disbelievers."

مَجْرُهَا	بِسْمِ اللَّهِ	فِيهَا	ارْكَبُوا	وَقَالَ
(will be) its moving course	in the Name (of) Allah	therein	embark	and he (Noah) said
رَحِيمٌ	لَغُفُورٌ	إِنَّ رَبِّي	وَمُرْسَاهَا	
Most Merciful	(is) indeed Oft-Forgiving	surely my Lord	and its resting anchorage	
كَالْجِبَالِ	فِي مَوْجٍ	تَجْرِي بِهِمْ	وَهِيَ	
like mountains	amidst the waves	sailed with them	so it (the ship)	
أَرْكَبْ مَعَنَا	يُبْنَى	وَكَانَ	أَبْنَهُ،	وَنَادَى نُوحٌ
embark with us	O my son	[in] apart	and he was (to) his son	and Noah called out
	الْكَافِرِينَ	وَلَا تَكُنْ مَعَ		
	the disbelievers	and be not with		

قَالَ سَآوِي إِلَى جَبَلٍ يَعْصِمُنِي مِنَ الْمَاءِ قَالَ لَا عَاصِمَ الْيَوْمَ مِنْ أَمْرِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ وَحَالَ بَيْنَهُمَا الْمَوْجُ فَكَانَ مِنَ الْمُعْرَقِينَ ﴿٤٣﴾ وَقِيلَ يَا أَرْضُ ابْلَعِي مَاءَكِ وَيَسْأَمْءِ

أَقْلِعِي وَغِيضَ الْمَاءِ وَقَضِيَ الْأَمْرُ وَأَسْتَوَتْ عَلَى الْجُودِيِّ وَقِيلَ بُعْدًا لِلْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٤٤﴾

43. The son replied: "I will betake myself to some mountain, it will save me from the water." Nūh (Noah) said: "This day there is no saviour from the Decree of Allāh except him on whom He has mercy." And waves came in between them, so he (the son) was among the drowned. 44. And it was said: "O earth! Swallow up your water, and O sky! Withhold (your rain)." And the water was made to subside and the Decree (of Allāh) was fulfilled (i.e. the destruction of the people of Nūh (Noah). And it (the ship) rested on (Mount) Judi, and it was said: "Away with the people who are Zālimūn (polytheists and wrongdoers)!"

قَالَ	سَأَوِي	إِلَى جَبَلٍ	يَعِصْمِي	مِنَ الْمَاءِ
he (the son) replied	I will betake myself	to a mountain	it will save me	from the water
قَالَ	لَا عَاصِمَ	أَلْيَوْمَ	مِنَ أَمْرِ اللَّهِ	
he (Noah) said	(there is) no saviour	this day	from (the) Decree (of) Allah	
إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ	وَحَالَ بَيْنَهُمَا	الْمَوْجُ		
except (him on) whom He has mercy	and came (in) between them	the wave		
فَكَانَ	مِنَ الْمُعْرَقِينَ	وَقِيلَ	يَتَّارِضُ	
so he (the son) was	among the drowned	and it was said	O earth	
أَبْلِعِي مَاءَكِ	وَسَمَاءُ أَقْلِعِي	وَوَغِيضَ الْمَاءِ		
swallow up your water	and O sky withhold (your rain)	and the water was subsided		
وَقَضِيَ الْأَمْرُ	وَأَسْتَوَتْ	عَلَى الْجُودِيِّ		
and the Decree (of Allah) was fulfilled	and it (the ship) rested	on Mount Judi		
وَقِيلَ	بُعْدًا	لِلْقَوْمِ	الظَّالِمِينَ	
and it was said	away	with the people	(who are) wrongdoers	

وَنَادَى نُوحٌ رَبَّهُ، فَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ أَبِي مِنْ أَهْلِي وَإِنَّ وَعْدَكَ الْحَقُّ وَأَنْتَ أَحْكَمُ الْحَاكِمِينَ ﴿٤٥﴾ قَالَ يَنْفُخُ إِنَّهُ، لَيْسَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ إِنَّهُ، عَمَلٌ غَيْرُ صَالِحٍ فَلَا تَسْأَلُنِ مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمٌ إِنِّي أَعْظَمُكَ أَنْ تَكُونَ مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ ﴿٤٦﴾ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ أَنْ أَسْأَلَكَ مَا لَيْسَ

لِي بِهِ عِلْمٌ وَإِلَّا تَغْفِرْ لِي وَتَرْحَمْنِي أَكُن مِّنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿٤٧﴾

45. And Nūh (Noah) called upon his Lord and said, "O my Lord! Verily, my son is of my family! And certainly, Your Promise is true, and You are the Most Just of the judges." 46. He said: "O Nūh (Noah)! Surely, he is not of your family; verily, his work is unrighteous, so ask not of Me that of which you have no knowledge! I admonish you, lest you should be one of the ignorant." 47. Nūh (Noah) said: "O my Lord! I seek refuge with You from asking You that of which I have no knowledge. And unless You forgive me and have mercy on me, I would indeed be one of the losers."

وَنَادَى نُوحٌ	رَبَّهُ،	فَقَالَ رَبِّ	إِنَّ ابْنِي	مِنَ أَهْلِي
and Noah called upon	his Lord	and said O my Lord	verily my son	(is) of my family
وَأَنَّ وَعَدَكَ	الْحَقُّ	وَأَنْتَ	أَحْكَمُ	الْحَاكِمِينَ ﴿٤٥﴾
and certainly Your Promise	(is) true	and You	(are) the Most Just	(of) the judges
قَالَ يَنُوحُ	إِنَّهُ لَيْسَ	مِنَ أَهْلِكَ	إِنَّهُ،	عَمَلُهُ
He said O Noah	surely he is not	of your family	verily [he]	(his) work
صَلِيحٌ	فَلَا تَسْأَلْنِي	مَا	لَيْسَ لَكَ	بِهِ عِلْمٌ
righteous	so ask Me not	what	you have not	of which knowledge
إِنِّي	أَعِظُكَ	أَنْ تَكُونَ	مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ ﴿٤٦﴾	قَالَ رَبِّ
indeed I	admonish you	lest you be	(one) of the ignorant	he (Noah) said O my Lord
إِنِّي أَعُوذُ	بِكَ	أَنْ أَسْأَلَكَ	مَا	لَيْسَ لِي
verily I seek refuge	with You	that I ask you	what	I have not
وَالَّذِي	لِي	وَتَرْحَمْنِي	أَكُن مِّنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ ﴿٤٧﴾	
and unless You forgive	[for] me	and have mercy on me	I would (indeed) be (one) of the losers	

قِيلَ يَنُوحُ أَهْبِطْ بِسَلَامٍ مِنَّا وَبَرَكَاتٍ عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَىٰ أُمَمٍ مِّمَّن مَّعَكَ وَأُمَمٌ سَنَسِتْمِعُهُمْ
ثُمَّ يَمَسُّهُم مِّنَّا عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٤٨﴾ تِلْكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ الْغَيْبِ نُوحِيهَا إِلَيْكَ مَا كُنْتَ تَعْلَمُهَا
أَنْتَ وَلَا قَوْمُكَ مِنْ قَبْلِ هَذَا فَاصْبِرْ إِنَّ الْعَقِيبَةَ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٤٩﴾

48. It was said: "O Nūh (Noah)! Come down (from the ship) with peace from Us and blessings on you and on the people who are with you (and on some of their offspring), but (there will be other) people to whom We shall grant their pleasures (for a time), but in the end a painful torment will reach them from Us." 49. This is of the news of the Unseen which We reveal to you (O Muhammad ﷺ); neither you nor your people knew it before this. So, be patient. Surely, the (good) end is for the *Muttaqūn* (the pious.)

وَبَرَكَاتٍ	مِنَّا	بِسَلَامٍ	يُنُوحُ أَهْبِطْ	قِيلَ
and blessings	from Us	with peace	O Noah come down (from the ship)	it was said
وَأُمَّمٍ	مَعَكَ	مِمَّنْ	وَعَلَىٰ أُمَّمٍ	عَلَيْكَ
and people	with you	of those	and on (the) people	on you
مِنَّا	ثُمَّ يَمَسُّهُمْ	سَنَمِيعِهِمْ		
from Us	then will reach them	(to) whom We shall grant pleasures (for a time)		
نُوحِيهَا	الْغَيْبِ	مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ	تِلْكَ	أَلِيمٌ
which We reveal	(of) the Unseen	(is) of (the) news	this	painful
وَلَا قَوْمَكَ	أَنْتَ	تَعَلَّمَهَا	مَا كُنْتَ	إِلَيْكَ
nor your people	you	knowing them	neither you were	unto you (O Muhammad)
لِلْمُتَّقِينَ	إِنَّ الْعَاقِبَةَ	فَاصْبِرْ	هَذَا	مِنْ قَبْلِ
(is) for the pious	surely the (good) end	so be patient	this	before

وَالِإِلَىٰ عَادِ أَخَاهُمْ هُودًا قَالَ يَقَوْمِ أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ إِن أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا مُفْتَرُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾ يَقَوْمِ لَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَجْرًا إِنْ أَجْرِي إِلَّا عَلَىٰ الَّذِي فَطَرَنِي أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٥١﴾ وَيَقَوْمِ اسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّكُمْ ثُمَّ تُوبُوا إِلَيْهِ يُرْسِلِ السَّمَاءَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِدْرَارًا وَيَزِدْكُمْ قُوَّةً إِلَىٰ قُوَّتِكُمْ وَلَا تَتَوَلَّوْا مُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٥٢﴾

50. And to the 'Ād (people We sent) their brother Hūd. He said, "O my people! Worship Allāh! You have no other *ilāh* (god) but Him. Certainly, you do nothing but invent lies! 51. "O my people! I ask of you no reward for it (the Message). My reward is only from Him Who created me. Will you not then

understand? 52. ``And O my people! Ask forgiveness of your Lord and then repent to Him, He will send you (from the sky) abundant rain, and add strength to your strength, so do not turn away as *Mujrimūn* (criminals, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allāh).’’

وَالِى عَادٍ	أَخَاهُمْ	هُودًا	قَالَ يَنْقَوْمٍ	أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ
and to Ad (people)	(We sent) their brother	Hud	he said O my people	worship Allah
مَا لَكُمْ	مِّنْ إِلَهِ	غَيْرِهِ	إِن أَنْتُمْ	يَنْقَوْمٍ
you have	other god	but Him	you (do) nothing	O my people
لَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ	عَلَيْهِ	أَجْرًا	إِن أَجْرِي	عَلَى الَّذِي
I ask not of you	for it (the Message)	reward	my reward (is) not	from Him Who
فَطَرَنِي	أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ	وَيَنْقَوْمٍ	أَسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّكُمْ	
created me	(will) you not then understand?	and O my people	ask forgiveness (of) your Lord	
ثُمَّ	تُوبُوا إِلَيْهِ	يُرْسِلِ السَّمَاءَ	عَلَيْكُمْ	مَدْرَارًا
then	repent to Him	He will send (from) the sky (rain)	to you	abundant
وَيَزِدْكُمْ	قُوَّةً	إِلَى قُوَّتِكُمْ	وَلَا تَنْوَلُوا	مُجْرِمِينَ
and increase you	(in) strength	to your strength	so (do) not turn away (as) sinners	

قَالُوا يَا هُودُ مَا جِئْتَنَا بِبَيِّنَةٍ وَمَا نَحْنُ بِتَارِكِي آلِهَتِنَا عَنْ قَوْلِكَ وَمَا نَحْنُ لَكَ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٥٣﴾ إِن نَّقُولُ إِلَّا أَعْرَابَكَ بَعْضُ آلِهَتِنَا يَسُوءُ ۖ قَالَ إِنِّي أَشْهَدُ اللَّهَ وَأَشْهَدُ أَنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِّمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿٥٤﴾

53. They said: ``O Hūd! No evidence have you brought us, and we shall not leave our gods for your (mere) saying! And we are not believers in you. 54. ``All that we say is that some of our gods (false deities) have seized you with evil (madness).’’ He said: ``I call Allāh to witness and bear you witness that I am free from that which you ascribe as partners in worship,

قَالُوا يَا هُودُ	مَا جِئْتَنَا	بِبَيِّنَةٍ	وَمَا نَحْنُ
they said O Hud	you have not brought us	an evidence	and we (shall) not

بِتَارِكِي ۚ	ءَالِهِنَا	عَنْ قَوْلِكَ	وَمَا نَحْنُ	لَكَ	بِمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٥٧﴾
leave	our gods	for your (mere) saying	and we (are) not	in you	believers
إِنْ نَقُولُ	إِلَّا أَعْرَضْنَا	بَعْضُ	ءَالِهَتِنَا		
we say not	but (that) have seized you	some	(of) our gods (false deities)		
بِسُوءٍ	قَالَ	إِنِّي أَشْهَدُ اللَّهَ	وَأَشْهَدُوا		
with evil (madness)	he said	verily I call Allah to witness	and bear witness		
أَنِّي	بَرِيءٌ	مِمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾			
that I am	free	from that which you ascribe as partners (in worship)			

مِنْ دُونِهِ ۚ فَيَكِيدُونِي جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ لَا تُنظِرُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾ إِنِّي تَوَكَّلْتُ عَلَى اللَّهِ رَبِّي وَرَبِّكُمْ مَا مِنْ دَابَّةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ آخِذٌ بِنَاصِيَتِهَا إِنَّ رَبِّي عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿٥٦﴾ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَقَدْ أَبْلَغْتُكُمْ مَا أُرْسِلْتُ بِهِ إِلَيْكُمْ وَيَسْخَلِفُ رَبِّي قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ وَلَا تَضُرُّونَهُ شَيْئًا إِنَّ رَبِّي عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَفِيفٌ ﴿٥٧﴾

55. With Him (Allāh). So plot against me, all of you, and give me no respite. 56. "I put my trust in Allāh, my Lord and your Lord! There is not a moving (living) creature but He has the grasp of its forelock. Verily, my Lord is on a Straight Path (the truth). 57. "So if you turn away, still I have conveyed the Message with which I was sent to you. My Lord will make another people succeed you, and you will not harm Him in the least. Surely, my Lord is Guardian over all things."

مِنْ دُونِهِ ۚ	فَيَكِيدُونِي	جَمِيعًا	ثُمَّ	لَا تُنظِرُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾	إِنِّي تَوَكَّلْتُ
other than Him	so plot against me	all (of you)	then	give me no respite	verily I put my trust
عَلَى اللَّهِ	رَبِّي	وَرَبِّكُمْ	مَا	مِنْ دَابَّةٍ	
in Allah	my Lord	and your Lord	(there is) not	[of] a moving (living) creature	
إِلَّا هُوَ	آخِذٌ	بِنَاصِيَتِهَا	إِنَّ رَبِّي	عَلَى صِرَاطٍ	مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿٥٦﴾
but He	has grasp	of its forelock	verily my Lord	(is) on a Path	Straight
فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا	فَقَدْ أَبْلَغْتُكُمْ	مَا	أُرْسِلْتُ بِهِ ۚ		
so if you turn away	then verily I conveyed to you	what	with which I was sent		

وَلَا تَضُرُّهُ	غَيْرِكُمْ	قَوْمًا	وَيَسْخَلِفُ رَبِّي	إِلَيْكُمْ
and you will not harm Him	besides you	a people	and my Lord will make succeed	to you
حَفِيفٌ	شَيْءٍ	عَلَى كُلِّ	إِنَّ رَبِّي	شَيْئًا
(is) a Guardian	things	over all	surely my Lord	in the least

وَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا نَجَّيْنَا هُودًا وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنَّا وَنَجَّيْتَهُم مِّنْ عَذَابٍ غَلِيظٍ ﴿٥٨﴾
 وَتِلْكَ ءَايَاتُ جَحْدُوا بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ وَعَصَوْا رُسُلَهُ، وَاتَّبَعُوا أَمْرَ كُلِّ جَبَّارٍ عَنِيدٍ ﴿٥٩﴾ وَأَتَّبَعُوا فِي
 هَذِهِ الدُّنْيَا لَعْنَةَ وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ ۗ أَلَا إِنَّ ءَادًا كَفَرُوا رَبَّهُمْ ۗ أَلَا بَعْدَ ۗءَادٍ قَوْمٌ هُودٍ ﴿٦٠﴾

58. And when Our Commandment came, We saved Hūd and those who believed with him by a mercy from Us, and We saved them from a severe torment. 59. Such were 'Ād (people). They rejected the *Ayāt* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord and disobeyed His Messengers, and followed the command of every proud, obstinate (oppressor of the truth from their leaders). 60. And they were pursued by a curse in this world and (so they will be) on the Day of Resurrection. No doubt! Verily, 'Ād disbelieved in their Lord. So, away with 'Ād, the people of Hūd.

وَلَمَّا	جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا	نَجَّيْنَا هُودًا	وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَهُ	مَعَهُ
and when	Our Commandment came	We saved Hud	and those who believed	with him
بِرَحْمَةٍ	مِّنَّا	وَنَجَّيْتَهُمْ	مِّنْ عَذَابٍ	غَلِيظٍ
by a mercy	from Us	and We saved them	from a torment	severe
وَتِلْكَ	عَادٌ جَحْدُوا	بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ	وَعَصَوْا رُسُلَهُ	وَأَتَّبَعُوا
and such	(were) Ad (people) they rejected	(the) Signs (of) their Lord	and disobeyed His Messengers	and they were pursued
وَأَتَّبَعُوا	كُلِّ جَبَّارٍ عَنِيدٍ	وَأَتَّبَعُوا	وَأَتَّبَعُوا	وَأَتَّبَعُوا
and followed (the) command	(of) every proud obstinate	and followed (the) command	and followed (the) command	and followed (the) command
فِي هَذِهِ	الدُّنْيَا	وَيَوْمَ	الْقِيَامَةِ	الْقِيَامَةِ
in this	world (by) a curse	and (so they will be on the) Day	(of) Resurrection	(of) Resurrection
أَلَا	إِنَّ ءَادًا كَفَرُوا	رَبَّهُمْ	أَلَا بَعْدَ ۗءَادٍ	قَوْمٌ هُودٍ
no doubt	verily Ad disbelieved	(in) their Lord	so away with Ad	(the) people of Hud

﴿وَإِلَى ثَمُودَ أَخَاهُمْ صَالِحًا قَالَ يَقَوْمِ أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ هُوَ أَنْشَأَكُمْ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ وَاسْتَعْمَرَكُمْ فِيهَا فَاسْتَغْفِرُوهُ ثُمَّ تَوْبُوا إِلَيْهِ إِنَّ رَبِّي قَرِيبٌ مُجِيبٌ ﴿٦١﴾ قَالُوا يَصْلِحْ قَدَكُنْتَ فِيْنَا مَرْجُوًّا قَبْلَ هَذَا أَتَنْهَانَا أَنْ نَعْبُدَ مَا يَعْبُدُ آبَاؤُنَا وَإِنَّا لَفِي شَكِّ مِمَّا تَدْعُونَا إِلَيْهِ مُرِيبٌ ﴿٦٢﴾﴾

61. And to Thamūd (people) We sent their brother Sālih. He said: "O my people! Worship Allāh: you have no other *ilāh* (god) but Him. He brought you forth from the earth and settled you therein, then ask forgiveness of Him and turn to Him in repentance. Certainly, my Lord is Near (to all by His Knowledge), Responsive." 62. They said: "O Sālih! You have been among us as a figure of good hope (and we wished for you to be our chief) till this [new thing which you have brought that we leave our gods and worship your God (Allāh) Alone]! Do you (now) forbid us the worship of what our fathers have worshipped? But we are really in grave doubt as to that to which you invite us (monotheism)."

قَالَ	صَالِحًا	أَخَاهُمْ	وَإِلَى ثَمُودَ		
he said	Salih	(We sent) their brother	and to Thamud (people)		
أَنْشَأَكُمْ	هُوَ	غَيْرُهُ	مِنْ إِلَهٍ	لَكُمْ	مَا
brought you forth	He	but Him	any god	you have	not
ثُمَّ	فَاسْتَغْفِرُوهُ		فِيهَا	وَاسْتَعْمَرَكُمْ	مِنَ الْأَرْضِ
then	so ask forgiveness (of) Him		therein	and settled you	from the earth
قَالُوا يَصْلِحْ	مُجِيبٌ ﴿٦١﴾	قَرِيبٌ	إِنَّ رَبِّي	تَوْبُوا إِلَيْهِ	
they said O Salih	Responsive	(is) Near	certainly my Lord	turn in repentance to Him	
أَتَنْهَانَا	هَذَا	قَبْلَ	مَرْجُوًّا	فِيْنَا	قَدَكُنْتَ
(do) you forbid us?	this	before	(as) a figure of good hope	among us	verily you were
لَفِي شَكِّ	وَإِنَّا	يَعْبُدُ	ءَابَاؤُنَا	مَا	أَنْ نَعْبُدَ
(are) really in doubt	and verily we	our fathers	have worshipped	what	to worship

مَرِيِبٌ ﴿١٦﴾	إِلَيْهِ	تَدْعُونَا	مَمَّا
suspicious	to it	you invite us	as to that which

قَالَ يَنْقَوْمِ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّي وَعَٰتَنِي مِّنْهُ رَحْمَةً فَمَنْ يَنْصُرُنِي مِنَ اللَّهِ إِنْ عَصَيْتُهُ، فَمَا تَزِيدُونَنِي غَيْرَ تَخْسِيرٍ ﴿١٦﴾ وَيَنْقَوْمِ هَذِهِ نَاقَةُ اللَّهِ لَكُمْ آيَةٌ فَذَرُوهَا تَأْكُلْ فِي أَرْضِ اللَّهِ وَلَا تَمْسُوهَا بِسُوءٍ فَيَأْخُذَكُمْ عَذَابٌ قَرِيبٌ ﴿١٧﴾

63. He said: "O my people! Tell me, if I have a clear proof from my Lord, and there has come to me a mercy (Prophethood) from Him, who then can help me against Allāh, if I were to disobey Him? Then you increase me not but in loss.

64. "And O my people! This she-camel of Allāh is a sign to you, so leave her to feed (graze) in Allāh's land, and touch her not with evil, lest a near torment should seize you."

قَالَ يَنْقَوْمِ	أَرَأَيْتُمْ	إِنْ كُنْتُ	عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ	مِّن رَّبِّي
he said O my people	(do) you see (tell me)?	if I am	on a clear proof	from my Lord
وَعَٰتَنِي	مِنْهُ	رَحْمَةً	فَمَنْ	يَنْصُرُنِي مِنَ اللَّهِ
and He has given me	from Him	a mercy	who then	can help me against Allah
إِنْ عَصَيْتُهُ،	فَمَا تَزِيدُونَنِي	غَيْرَ	تَخْسِيرٍ ﴿١٦﴾	وَيَنْقَوْمِ
if I were to disobey Him	then you increase me not	but	(in) loss	and O my people
هَذِهِ	نَاقَةُ اللَّهِ	لَكُمْ	آيَةٌ	فَذَرُوهَا
this	she-camel (of) Allah	to you	(is) a sign	so leave her
وَلَا تَمْسُوهَا	بِسُوءٍ	فَيَأْخُذَكُمْ	عَذَابٌ	قَرِيبٌ ﴿١٧﴾
and touch her not	with evil	lest will seize you	a torment	near

فَعَقَرُوهَا فَقَالَ تَمَتَّعُوا فِي دَارِكُمْ ثَلَاثَةَ أَيَّامٍ ذَٰلِكَ وَعَدَّ غَيْرَ مَكْدُوبٍ ﴿١٧﴾ فَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا نَجَّيْنَا صَالِحًا وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنَّا وَمِن خِزْيِ يَوْمِئِذٍ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ الْقَوِيُّ الْعَزِيزُ ﴿١٨﴾ وَأَخَذَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا الصَّيْحَةَ فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي دِيارِهِمْ جثمين ﴿١٩﴾

65. But they killed her. So he said: "Enjoy yourselves in your homes for three days. This is a promise (i.e. a threat) that will not be belied." 66. So when Our Commandment came, We saved Sālih and those who believed with him by a mercy from Us, and from the disgrace of that Day. Verily, your Lord – He is the All-Strong, the All-Mighty. 67. And *As-Saihah* (torment – awful cry) overtook the wrongdoers, so they lay (dead), prostrate in their homes,

فَعَقَرُوهَا	فَقَالَ	تَمَتَّعُوا فِي دَارِكُمْ	ثَلَاثَةَ	أَيَّامٍ
but they killed her	so he said	enjoy yourselves in your homes	(for) three	days
ذَلِكَ	وَعَدٌ	عَيْرٌ	مَكْذُوبٌ ﴿٦٥﴾	فَلَمَّا
this	(is) a promise	(that will) not	be denied	so when
بِحَيَّتِنَا صَلِحًا	وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا	مَعَهُ	بِرَحْمَةٍ	مِنَّا
We saved Salih	and those who believed	with him	by a mercy	from Us
وَمِنْ خِزْيٍ	يَوْمِئِذٍ	إِنَّ رَبَّكَ	هُوَ	الْقَوِيُّ
and from (the) disgrace	(of) that Day	verily your Lord	[He]	(is) the All-Strong
الْعَزِيزُ ﴿٦٦﴾	وَأَخَذَ	الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا	الصَّيْحَةَ	فَأَصْبَحُوا
the All-Mighty	and overtook	those who wronged	the awful cry	so they became
	فِي دِيَارِهِمْ	جَثْمِينَ ﴿٦٧﴾		
	in their homes	prostrate (dead)		

كَانَ لَمْ يَغْنَوْا فِيهَا إِلَّا إِنَّ ثَمُودًا كَفَرُوا رَبَّهُمْ أَلا بَعْدَ لَثَمُودَ ﴿٦٨﴾ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلَنَا
إِبْرَاهِيمَ بِالْبَشْرَى قَالُوا سَلَامًا قَالَ سَلَامٌ فَمَا لَبِثَ أَنْ جَاءَ بِعَجَلٍ حَنِيدٍ ﴿٦٩﴾ فَلَمَّا رَأَى
أَيْدِيَهُمْ لَا تَصِلُ إِلَيْهِ نَكَرَهُمْ وَأَوْجَسَ مِنْهُمْ خِيفَةً قَالُوا لَا تَحْزَنْ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَى قَوْمِ
لُوطٍ ﴿٧٠﴾

68. As if they had never lived there. No doubt! Verily, Thamūd disbelieved in their Lord. So away with Thamūd! 69. And verily, there came Our messengers to Ibrāhīm (Abraham) with glad tidings. They said: "Salām (greetings or peace!)." He answered, "Salām (greetings or peace!)," and he hastened to entertain them with a roasted calf. 70. But when he saw their hands went not

towards it (the meal), he mistrusted them, and conceived a fear of them. They said: ``Fear not, we have been sent against the people of Lût (Lot).''

كَفَرُوا بِهِمْ	إِنَّ تَمُودًا	أَلَا	فِيهَا	لَمْ يَغْنَوْا	كَانَ
disbelieved (in) their Lord	verily Thamud	no doubt	therein	they had not lived	as if
إِبْرَاهِيمَ	وَلَقَدْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلَنَا			لِثَمُودَ	أَلْأَبْعَدَا
(to) Abraham	and verily (there) came Our messengers (angels)			with Thamud	so away
قَالَ سَلَامٌ	قَالُوا سَلَامًا		بِالْبَشْرَى		
he answered greeting of peace	they said greetings of peace		with glad tidings		
رَأَى أَيْدِيَهُمْ	فَلَمَّا	حَنِيدٍ	بِعَجَلٍ	أَنْ جَاءَ	فَمَا لَبِثَ
he saw their hands	but when	roasted	a calf	to bring	and he hastened
مِنْهُمْ	وَأَوْجَسَ	نَكَرَهُمْ	إِلَيْهِ	لَا تَصِلُ	
of them	and conceived	he mistrusted them	towards it (the meal)	were not reaching	
لُوطٍ	إِلَى قَوْمِهِ	إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا	لَا تَخَفْ	قَالُوا	خِيفَةً
(of) Lot	against (the) people	indeed we have been sent	fear not	they said	a fear

وَأَمْرَاتُهُ قَائِمَةٌ فَضَحِكَتْ فَبَشَّرْنَاهَا بِإِسْحَاقَ وَمِنْ وَرَاءِ إِسْحَاقَ يَعْقُوبَ ﴿٧١﴾ قَالَتْ يَوْنَيْتَقَى
ءَأَلِدُ وَأَنَا عَجُوزٌ وَهَذَا بَعْلِي شَيْخًا إِنَّ هَذَا لَشَيْءٌ عَجِيبٌ ﴿٧٢﴾ قَالُوا أَنْتَعْجَبِينَ مِنْ أَمْرِ
اللَّهِ رَحِمَتُ اللَّهِ وَبَرَكَتُهُ عَلَيْكُمْ أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ إِنَّهُ حَمِيدٌ مَجِيدٌ ﴿٧٣﴾

71. And his wife was standing (there), and she laughed [either, because the messengers did not eat their food or for being glad for the destruction of the people of Lût (Lot)]. But We gave her glad tidings of Ishâq (Isaac), and after Ishâq, of Ya'qûb (Jacob). 72. She said (in astonishment): ``Woe to me! Shall I bear a child while I am an old woman, and here is my husband an old man? Verily, this is a strange thing!'' 73. They said: ``Do you wonder at the Decree of Allâh? The Mercy of Allâh and His Blessings be on you, O the family [of Ibrâhîm (Abraham)]. Surely, He (Allâh) is All-Praiseworthy, All-Glorious.''

وَأَمْرَاتُهُ	قَائِمَةٌ	فَضَحِكَتْ	فَبَشَّرْنَاهَا
and his wife	(was) standing (there)	and she laughed	but We gave her glad tidings

بِإِسْحَاقَ وَمِنْ وَرَاءِ إِسْحَاقَ يَعْقُوبَ ﴿٧٦﴾	قَالَتْ يَوَيْلَئِي	ءِ أَلِدُ
(of) Jacob Isaac and after of Isaac	she said woe unto me	(shall) I bear a child?
وَأَنَا	وَهَذَا	عَجُوزٌ
while I am	and this	an old woman
لَشَيْءٍ	عَجِيبٌ ﴿٧٥﴾	قَالُوا
(is) surely a thing	strange	they said
رَحْمَتُ اللَّهِ	وَبَرَكَاتُهُ	عَلَيْكُمْ
(the) Mercy (of) Allah	and His Blessings	(be) on you
أَهْلَ	مَجِيدٌ ﴿٧٣﴾	حَمِيدٌ
O (the) people (family)	All-Glorious	(is) All-Praiseworthy
أَبِيتِ	إِنَّهُ	سُورَةُ هُودٍ
(of) the house	surely He (Allah)	

فَلَمَّا ذَهَبَ عَنْ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الرَّوْعُ وَجَاءَتْهُ الْبَشْرَىٰ مُجْدِلًا فِي قَوْمِ لُوطٍ ﴿٧٤﴾ إِنَّ إِبْرَاهِيمَ لَحَلِيمٌ أَوَّاهٌ مُنِيبٌ ﴿٧٥﴾ يَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ أَعْرِضْ عَنْ هَذَا إِنَّهُ قَدْ جَاءَ أَمْرٌ رَبِّكَ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَمَبْهُمَ عَذَابٌ غَيْرَ مَرْدُودٍ ﴿٧٦﴾

74. Then when the fear had gone away from (the mind of) Ibrāhīm (Abraham), and the glad tidings had reached him, he began to plead with Us (Our messengers) for the people of Lūt (Lot). 75. Verily, Ibrāhīm (Abraham) was without doubt forbearing, used to invoke Allāh with humility, and was repentant (to Allāh all the time, again and again). 76. "O Ibrāhīm (Abraham)! Forsake this. Indeed, the Commandment of your Lord has gone forth. Verily, there will come a torment for them which cannot be turned back."

فَلَمَّا	ذَهَبَ عَنْ إِبْرَاهِيمَ	الرَّوْعُ	وَجَاءَتْهُ
then when	had gone away from Abraham	the fear	and had reached him
الْبَشْرَىٰ	مُجْدِلًا	فِي قَوْمِ	لُوطٍ ﴿٧٤﴾
the glad tidings	he began to plead with Us (Our messengers)	for (the) people	(of) Lot
إِنَّ إِبْرَاهِيمَ	لَحَلِيمٌ	أَوَّاهٌ	مُنِيبٌ ﴿٧٥﴾
verily Abraham	(was) certainly forbearing	humble	(and was) repentant
أَعْرِضْ عَنْ هَذَا	إِنَّهُ	قَدْ جَاءَ	أَمْرٌ رَبِّكَ
turn away from this	indeed [it]	[verily] has come	(of) your Lord (the) Commandment

وَأَيُّهَا	عَائِيهِمْ	عَذَابٌ	عَيْرٌ	مَرْدُودٍ ﴿٧٦﴾
and verily [they]	(there) will come for them	a torment	(which can) not	(be) turned back

وَلَمَّا جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا لُوطًا سِيءَ بِهِمْ وَضَاقَ بِهِمْ ذَرْعًا وَقَالَ هَذَا يَوْمٌ عَصِيبٌ ﴿٧٧﴾ وَجَاءَهُ قَوْمُهُ يُهْرَعُونَ إِلَيْهِ وَمَنْ قَبْلُ كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيِّئَاتِ قَالَ يَنْقُومُ هَؤُلَاءِ بِنَاتِي هُنَّ أَطْهَرُ لَكُمْ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَلَا تَخْزُونِ فِي ضَيْفِي أَلَيْسَ مِنْكُمْ رَجُلٌ رَشِيدٌ ﴿٧٨﴾

77. And when Our messengers came to Lût (Lot), he was grieved on account of them and felt himself powerless for them (lest the town people should approach them to commit sodomy with them). He said: "This is a distressful day." 78. And his people came rushing towards him, and since aforetime they used to commit crimes (sodomy), he said: "O my people! Here are my daughters (i.e. the women of the nation), they are purer for you (if you marry them lawfully). So fear Allāh and disgrace me not with regard to my guests! Is there not among you a single right-minded man?"

وَلَمَّا	جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا	لُوطًا	سِيءَ بِهِمْ	
and when	Our messengers (angels) came	(to) Lot	he was grieved on their account	
وَضَاقَ بِهِمْ ذَرْعًا	وَقَالَ	هَذَا	يَوْمٌ	عَصِيبٌ ﴿٧٧﴾
and he felt himself strained for them	and he said	this	(is) a day	distressful
وَجَاءَهُ قَوْمُهُ	يُهْرَعُونَ إِلَيْهِ	وَمَنْ قَبْلُ كَانُوا		
and came to him	rushing towards him	and since aforetime they used to		
يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيِّئَاتِ	قَالَ يَنْقُومُ	هَؤُلَاءِ	بِنَاتِي	هُنَّ
commit crimes (sodomy)	he said O my people	these	(are) my daughters	they
أَطْهَرُ لَكُمْ	فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ	وَلَا تَخْزُونِ	فِي ضَيْفِي	
(are) purer	so fear Allah	and degrade me not	with regard (to) my guests	
أَلَيْسَ	مِنْكُمْ	رَجُلٌ	رَشِيدٌ ﴿٧٨﴾	
is (there) not?	among you	a (single) man	right-minded	

قَالُوا لَقَدْ عَلِمْتَمَا لَنَا فِي بَنَاتِكَ مِنْ حَقٍّ وَإِنَّكَ لَنَعْلَمُ مَا نُرِيدُ ﴿٧٩﴾ قَالَ لَوْ أَنَّ لِي بِكُمْ قُوَّةٌ أَوْ آوِي إِلَىٰ

رُكْنٍ شَدِيدٍ ﴿٨٠﴾ قَالُوا يَلُوطُ إِنَّا رُسُلُ رَبِّكَ لَنْ يَصِلُوا إِلَيْكَ فَأَسْرَبَ أَهْلِكَ بِقِطْعٍ مِّنَ اللَّيْلِ
وَلَا يَلْتَفِتْ مِنْكُمْ أَحَدٌ إِلَّا أَمْرًا نَّكَ إِنَّهُ مُصِيبُهَا مَا أَصَابَهُمْ إِنَّ مَوْعِدَهُمُ الصُّبْحُ أَلَيْسَ
الصُّبْحُ بِقَرِيبٍ ﴿٨١﴾

79. They said: "Surely, you know that we have neither any desire nor need of your daughters, and indeed you know well what we want!" 80. He said: "Would that I had strength (men) to overpower you, or that I could betake myself to some powerful support (to resist you)." 81. They (messengers) said: "O Lüt (Lot)! Verily, we are the messengers from your Lord! They shall not reach you! So travel with your family in a part of the night, and let not any of you look back; but your wife (will remain behind), verily, the punishment which will afflict them, will afflict her. Indeed, morning is their appointed time. Is not the morning near?"

قَالُوا	لَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمْ	مَا	لَنَا	فِي بَنَاتِكَ	مِنْ حَقِّ
they said	surely you know	not	we have	in/of your daughters	any desire/right
وَإِنَّكَ	لَنَعْلَمُ	مَا نُرِيدُ ﴿٧٩﴾	قَالَ لَوْ	أَنْ لِّي	بِكُمْ
and indeed you	surely know	what we want	he said if	I had	to (overpower) you
قُوَّةً	أَوْ	ءَاوِي إِلَى رُكْنٍ		شَدِيدٍ ﴿٨٠﴾	
strength	or	(that) I could betake myself to a support		powerful	
قَالُوا يَلُوطُ	إِنَّا	رُسُلُ	رَبِّكَ		
they (messengers) said O Lot	verily we	(are the) messengers (angels)	(from) your Lord		
لَنْ يَصِلُوا	إِلَيْكَ	فَأَسْرَبَ	بِأَهْلِكَ	بِقِطْعٍ	مِّنَ اللَّيْلِ
they shall never reach	you	so travel	with your family	in a part	of the night
وَلَا يَلْتَفِتْ	مِنْكُمْ	أَحَدٌ	إِلَّا أَمْرًا نَّكَ	إِنَّهُ	
and let not look back	of you	anyone	but your wife	verily [it] (the punishment)	
مُصِيبَهَا	مَا	أَصَابَهُمْ	إِنَّ مَوْعِدَهُمْ	الصُّبْحُ	
(will) afflict her	what	will afflict them	indeed their appointed time	(is) morning	
		بِقَرِيبٍ ﴿٨١﴾	أَلَيْسَ الصُّبْحُ		
		near	is not the morning?		

فَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا جَعَلْنَا عَلَيْهَا سَافِلَهَا وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهَا حِجَارَةً مِّن سِجِّيلٍ
 مَّنصُودٍ ﴿٨٢﴾ مُسَوَّمَةً عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ وَمَا هِيَ مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ بِبَعِيدٍ ﴿٨٣﴾ وَإِلَى مَدْيَنَ
 أَخَاهُمْ شُعَيْبًا قَالَ يَنْقُومِ أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ وَلَا نَنْقُصُوا
 أَلْمِكَالَ وَالْمِيزَانَ إِنِّي أَرَبُّكُمْ بِخَيْرٍ وَإِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ
 مُّحِيطٍ ﴿٨٤﴾

82. So when Our Commandment came, We turned (the towns of Sodom in Palestine) upside down, and rained on them stones of baked clay, in a well-arranged manner one after another; 83. Marked from your Lord; and they are not ever far from the *Zālimūn* (polytheists, evildoers). 84. And to the Madyan (Midian) people (We sent) their brother Shu'aib. He said: "O my people! Worship Allāh, you have no other *ilāh* (god) but Him, and give not short measure or weight. I see you in prosperity and verily, I fear for you the torment of a Day encompassing.

فَلَمَّا	جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا	جَعَلْنَا عَلَيْهَا	سَافِلَهَا	وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهَا
so when	Our Commandment came	We turned its upside	down	and rained on it
حِجَارَةً	مِّن سِجِّيلٍ	مَّنصُودٍ ﴿٨٢﴾	مُسَوَّمَةً	عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ
stones	of baked clay	piled up	marked	your Lord
and they (are) not	and they (are) not	from	from	from
وَمَا هِيَ	مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ	بِبعِيدٍ ﴿٨٣﴾	وَإِلَى مَدْيَنَ	أَخَاهُمْ
and they (are) not	from the wrongdoers	far	and to (the) Midian (people)	(We sent) their brother
شُعَيْبًا	قَالَ يَنْقُومِ	أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ	مَا لَكُمْ	مِّنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ
Shuaib	he said O my people	worship Allah	you have	but Him
and verily I	and verily I	and weight	and give not short	measure
وَأَلْمِكَالَ	وَالْمِيزَانَ	إِنِّي أَرَبُّكُمْ	بِخَيْرٍ	وَإِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ
and give not short	and weight	see you	in prosperity	and verily I
measure	and give not short	measure	measure	measure
عَذَابَ	يَوْمٍ	مُّحِيطٍ ﴿٨٤﴾	عَذَابَ	يَوْمٍ
(the) torment	(of) a Day	encompassing	(the) torment	(of) a Day
عَذَابَ	يَوْمٍ	مُّحِيطٍ ﴿٨٤﴾	عَذَابَ	يَوْمٍ
(the) torment	(of) a Day	encompassing	(the) torment	(of) a Day

وَيَنْقُومِ أَوْفُوا أَلْمِكَالَ وَالْمِيزَانَ بِالْقِسْطِ وَلَا تَبْخَسُوا النَّاسَ أَشْيَاءَهُمْ

وَلَا تَعْتَوُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٨٥﴾ بَقِيَّتُ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ وَمَا أَنَا عَلَيْكُمْ بِحَفِيظٍ ﴿٨٦﴾ قَالُوا يَشْعِيبُ أَسْلَوْتَك تَأْمُرُكَ أَنْ نَتْرَكَ مَا يَعْبُدُ آبَاؤُنَا وَأَنْ نَفْعَلَ فِي أَمْوَالِنَا مَا نَشَاءُ إِنَّكَ لَأَنْتَ الْحَلِيمُ الرَّشِيدُ ﴿٨٧﴾

85. "And O my people! Give full measure and weight in justice and reduce not the things that are due to the people, and do not commit mischief in the land, causing corruption. 86. "That which is left by Allāh for you (after giving the rights of the people) is better for you, if you are believers. And I am not a guardian over you." 87. They said: "O Shu'aib! Does your *Salāt* (prayer) command that we give up what our fathers used to worship, or that we give up doing what we like with our property? Verily, you are the forbearer, right-minded!" (They said this sarcastically).

وَيَقَوْمٍ	أَوْفُوا الْمِكْيَالَ	وَالْمِيزَانَ	بِالْقِسْطِ	وَلَا تَبْخَسُوا النَّاسَ
and O my people	give full measure	and weight	in justice	and reduce not the people
أَشْيَاءَهُمْ	وَلَا تَعْتَوُوا	فِي الْأَرْضِ	مُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٨٥﴾	
their things	and (do) not commit mischief	in the land	causing corruption	
بَقِيَّتُ اللَّهِ	خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ	إِن كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ	وَمَا أَنَا	
that which (is) left (by) Allah	(is) better for you	if you are believers	and I am not	
عَلَيْكُمْ	بِحَفِيظٍ ﴿٨٦﴾	قَالُوا يَشْعِيبُ	أَسْلَوْتَك	تَأْمُرُكَ
over you	a guardian	they said O Shuaib	(does) your prayer?	command you
أَنْ نَتْرَكَ مَا	يَعْبُدُ آبَاؤُنَا	أَوْ أَنْ نَفْعَلَ	فِي أَمْوَالِنَا	
that we give up what	our fathers used to worship	that we do or	concerning our property	
مَا نَشَاءُ	إِنَّكَ	لَأَنْتَ	الْحَلِيمُ	الرَّشِيدُ ﴿٨٧﴾
what we like	verily you	surely [you]	(are) the forbearer	the right-minded

قَالَ يَقَوْمِ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ عَلَى بَيْنَةٍ مِنْ رَبِّي وَرَزَقَنِي مِنْهُ رِزْقًا حَسَنًا وَمَا أُرِيدُ أَنْ أُخَالِفَكُمْ إِلَىٰ مَا أَنهَكُمْ عَنْهُ إِنْ أُرِيدُ إِلَّا الْإِصْلَاحَ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُ وَمَا تَوْفِيقِي إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَإِلَيْهِ أُنِيبُ ﴿٨٨﴾ وَيَقَوْمِ لَا يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ شِقَاقِي أَنْ يُصِيبَكُمْ مِثْلُ مَا

أَصَابَ قَوْمَ نُوحٍ أَوْ قَوْمَ هُودٍ أَوْ قَوْمَ صَالِحٍ وَمَا قَوْمَ لُوطٍ مِّنْكُمْ بِبَعِيدٍ ﴿٨٩﴾

88. He said: "O my people! Tell me if I have a clear evidence from my Lord and He has given me a good sustenance from Himself (shall I corrupt it by mixing it with the unlawfully earned money). I wish not, in contradiction to you, to do that which I forbid you. I only desire reform to the best of my power. And my guidance cannot come except from Allāh, in Him I trust and to Him I repent.

89. "And O my people! Let not my *Shiqāq* cause you to suffer the fate similar to that of the people of Nūh (Noah) or of Hūd or of Sālih (Saleh), and the people of Lūt (Lot) are not far off from you!

قَالَ يَقَوْمَ	أَرَأَيْتُمْ	إِنْ كُنْتُ	عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ
he said O my people	(do) you see (tell me)?	if I was (have)	[on] a clear evidence
مِّن رَّبِّي	وَرَزَقَنِي	مِنْهُ	رِزْقًا
from my Lord	and He has given me	from Himself	a sustenance
وَمَا أُرِيدُ	وَأَنَا أُرِيدُ	وَمَا أُرِيدُ	وَمَا أُرِيدُ
and I wish not	good	a sustenance	from Himself
أَن أَخَالَفَكُم	إِلَىٰ مَا	أَنْهَدَكُم	عَنْهُ
to contradict you	to what	I forbid you	[from it]
وَمَا أَسْتَطَعْتُ	إِلَّا	وَمَا تَوْفِيقِي	بِاللَّهِ
so far as I am able (to the best of my power)	except	and my success (is) not	from Allah
عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ	وَالَيْهِ أُنِيبُ	وَيَقَوْمَ	لَا يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ
in Him I trust	and unto Him I repent	and O my people	let not cause you
شِقَاقِي	أَنْ يُصِيبَكُمْ	مِثْلُ	مَا أَصَابَ
my separation (anger)	to befall you	similar (to)	what befell
نُوحٍ	أَوْ قَوْمَ	هُودٍ	أَوْ قَوْمَ
(of) Noah	or people	(of) Hud	or people
لُوطٍ	مِّنْكُمْ	بِعِيدٍ	
(of) Lot	from you	(are) far off	

وَأَسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّكُمْ ثُمَّ تُوبُوا إِلَيْهِ إِنَّ رَبِّي رَحِيمٌ وَدُودٌ ﴿٩٠﴾ قَالُوا يَشْعِيبُ مَا نَفَقَهُ كَثِيرًا مِّمَّا تَقُولُ وَإِنَّا لَنَرِيكَ فِينَا ضَعِيفًا وَلَوْلَا رَهْطُكَ لَرَجَمْنَاكَ وَمَا أَنتَ عَلَيْنَا

بِعَزِيزٍ ﴿١١﴾ قَالَ يَنْقَوْمٍ أَرَهْطِي أَعَزُّ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَاتَّخَذْتُمُوهُ وَرَاءَكُمْ ظَهْرِيًّا
إِنَّ رَبِّي بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطٌ ﴿١٢﴾

90. "And ask forgiveness of your Lord and turn to Him in repentance. Verily, my Lord is Most Merciful, Most Loving." 91. They said: "O Shu'aib! We do not understand much of what you say, and we see you weak (it is said that he was a blind man) among us. Were it not for your family, we should certainly have stoned you and you are not powerful against us." 92. He said: "O my people! Is then my family of more weight with you than Allāh? And you have cast Him away behind your backs. Verily, my Lord is surrounding all that you do.

وَاسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّكُمْ	ثُمَّ	تُوبُوا إِلَيْهِ	إِنَّ رَبِّي
and ask forgiveness (of) your Lord	then	turn unto Him in repentance	verily my Lord
رَحِيمٌ	وَدُودٌ ﴿١١﴾	قَالُوا يَا شُعَيْبُ	مَا نَفَقَهُ كَثِيرًا
(is) Most Merciful	Most Loving	they said O Shuaib	We (do) not understand much
مِمَّا تَقُولُ	وَإِنَّا	لَنَرُّدَكَ	فِينَا
of what you say	and indeed we	[surely] see you	among us
وَلَوْلَا رَهْطُكَ	لَرَجَمْنَاكَ	وَمَا أَنْتَ	
and if (were) not your family	we should certainly have stoned you	and you (are) not	
عَلَيْنَا	بِعَزِيزٍ ﴿١١﴾	قَالَ يَنْقَوْمٍ	أَرَهْطِي
against us	powerful	he said O my people	(is then) my family?
عَلَيْكُمْ	مِنَ اللَّهِ	وَاتَّخَذْتُمُوهُ	وَرَاءَكُمْ
with you	than Allah	and you have taken Him away	behind your
	إِنَّ رَبِّي	بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطٌ ﴿١٢﴾	
	verily my Lord	(is) surrounding of what you do	

وَيَنْقَوْمٍ أَعْمَلُوا عَلَىٰ مَكَانِكُمْ إِنِّي عَمِلْتُ سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ يَأْتِيهِ عَذَابٌ يُخْزِيهِ وَمَنْ هُوَ كَذِبٌ وَأَرْتَقِبُوا إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ رَقِيبٌ ﴿١٢﴾ وَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا نَجَّيْنَا شُعَيْبًا وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنَّا وَأَخَذَتِ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا الصَّيْحَةَ فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي دِيارِهِمْ

جَثِمِينَ ﴿٩٥﴾

93. "And O my people! Act according to your ability and way, and I am acting (on my way). You will come to know who it is on whom descends the torment that will cover him with ignominy, and who is a liar! And watch you! Verily, I too am watching with you." 94. And when Our Commandment came, We saved Shu'aib and those who believed with him by a mercy from Us. And As-Saihah (torment-awful cry) seized the wrongdoers, and they lay (dead) prostrate in their homes.

وَيَقَوْمٍ	أَعْمَلُوا عَلَىٰ مَكَانَتِكُمْ	إِنِّي	عَمِلْتُ <small>س٤٦</small>	سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ
and O my people	act according to your ability	(and) verily I am	acting	soon you will know
مَنْ	عَذَابٌ	يَأْتِيهِ	يُخْرِجُهُ	وَمَنْ
whom	(the) torment	comes to him	(that) will cover him (with) disgrace	and who
هُوَ	كَذِبٌ <small>س٤٧</small>	وَأَرْتَقِبُوا	مَعَكُمْ	وَلَمَّا
[he]	(is) a liar	and watch	with you	and when
	جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا	بِحِجَابٍ شَعِيبًا	وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا	مَعَهُ
	Our Commandment came	We saved Shuaib	and those who believed	with him
بِرَحْمَةٍ	مِّنَّا	وَأَخَذَتْ	الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا	فَأَصْبَحُوا
by a mercy	from Us	and seized	those who wronged	and they became
		فِي دِيَارِهِمْ	جَثِمِينَ <small>س٤٨</small>	
		in their homes	prostrate (dead)	

كَانَ لَمْ يَغْنَوْا فِيهَا أَلَا بَعْدَ الْمَدِينِ كَمَا بَعَدَتْ ثَمُودُ ﴿٩٥﴾ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَىٰ بِآيَاتِنَا وَسُلْطَانٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿٩٦﴾ إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَئِهِ فَاتَّبَعُوا أَمْرَ فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَا أَمْرُ فِرْعَوْنَ بِرَشِيدٍ ﴿٩٧﴾ يَقْدُمُ قَوْمَهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ فَأَوْرَدَهُمُ النَّارَ وَيَسَّ الْوَرْدُ الْمَوْرُودُ ﴿٩٨﴾

95. As if they had never lived there! So away with Madyan (Midian) as away with Thamūd! (All these nations were destroyed). 96. And indeed We sent Mūsā (Moses) with Our *Ayāt* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.) and a manifest authority, 97. To Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs, but they followed the command of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and the command of Fir'aun (Pharaoh)

was no right guide. 98. He will go ahead of his people on the Day of Resurrection, and will lead them into the Fire, and evil indeed is the place to which they are led.

كَأَنَّمَا بَعَدَتْ تَمُودُ ﴿٩٥﴾	لَمِدِينَ	أَلَا بَعْدًا	فِيهَا	لَمْ يَغْنَوْا	كَأَن
as away (with) Thamud	with midian	so away	therein	they had not lived	as if
إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ	مُبِينٍ ﴿٩٦﴾	وَسُلْطَانٍ	بِآيَاتِنَا	وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَى	
to Pharaoh	manifest	and an authority	with Our Signs	and indeed We sent Moses	
وَمَا	فِرْعَوْنَ	فَاتَّبَعُوا أَمْرَ	وَمَلَإِيهِ		
and (was) not	(of) Pharaoh	but they followed (the) command	and his chiefs		
يَقْدُمُ قَوْمَهُ	بِرَشِيدٍ ﴿٩٧﴾	فِرْعَوْنَ	أَمْرُ		
he will go ahead of his people	rightly guided	(of) Pharaoh	(the) command		
النَّارِ	فَأُورِدَهُمْ	الْقِيَامَةِ	يَوْمَ		
(into) the Fire	and will lead them	(of) Resurrection	(on the) Day		
	الْمُورُودِ ﴿٩٨﴾	وَبِئْسَ الْوَرْدُ			
	to which (they are) led	and evil (indeed) is the place			

وَاتَّبَعُوا فِي هَذِهِ لَعْنَةً وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ بئس الورد المرفود ﴿٩٨﴾ ذلك من أنباء القرى نقصه عليك منها قائم وحصيد ﴿٩٩﴾ وما ظلمناهم ولكن ظلموا أنفسهم فما أغنت عنهم آلهتهم التي يدعون من دون الله من شيء لما جاء أمر ربك وما زادهم غير تنبيب ﴿١٠٠﴾

99. They were pursued by a curse in this (deceiving life of this world) and (so they will be pursued by a curse) on the Day of Resurrection. Evil indeed is the gift given [i.e., the curse (in this world) pursued by another curse (in the Hereafter)]. 100. That is some of the news of the (population of) towns which We relate to you (O Muhammad ﷺ); of them, some are (still) standing, and some have been (already) reaped. 101. We wronged them not, but they wronged themselves. So their *ālīha* (gods), other than Allāh, whom they invoked, profited them naught when there came the Command of your Lord,

nor did they add aught to them but destruction.

وَأُتْبِعُوا	فِي هَذِهِ	لَعْنَةً	وَيَوْمَ
and they were pursued	in this (life)	(by) a curse	and (on the) Day
الْقِيَمَةِ	بِئْسَ الرِّفْدُ	الْمَرْفُودُ ﴿١١﴾	مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ
(of) Resurrection	(how) bad is the gift	given	(is) from (the) news
الْقُرَى	نَقَصَهُ	عَلَيْكَ	قَائِمٌ
(of) the towns	which We relate	unto you	(some are) standing
وَحَصِيدٌ ﴿١٢﴾	وَمَا ظَلَمْنَاهُمْ	وَلَكِنْ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ	
and (some have been) reaped	and We wronged them not	[and] but they wronged themselves	
فَمَا أَغْنَتْ عَنْهُمْ	أَلِهَتِهِمْ	الَّتِي يَدْعُونَ	مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
so profited not	their gods	whom they invoked	anything other than Allah
لَمَّا	جَاءَ أَمْرٌ	رَبِّكَ	وَمَا زَادُوهُمْ
when	(there) came (the) Command	(of) your Lord	and they added not to them
	غَيْرِ	تَنْبِيهِ ﴿١٣﴾	
	but	destruction	

وَكَذَلِكَ أَخْذُ رَبِّكَ إِذَا أَخَذَ الْقُرَىٰ وَهِيَ ظَالِمَةٌ إِنَّ أَخْذَهُ أَلِيمٌ شَدِيدٌ ﴿١٢﴾ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً لِّمَن خَافَ عَذَابَ الْآخِرَةِ ذَلِكَ يَوْمٌ مَّجْمُوعٌ لَّهُ النَّاسُ وَذَلِكَ يَوْمٌ مَّشْهُودٌ ﴿١٣﴾ وَمَا نُؤَخِّرُهُ إِلَّا لِأَجَلٍ مَّعْدُودٍ ﴿١٤﴾

102. Such is the Seizure of your Lord when He seizes the (population of) towns while they are doing wrong. Verily, His Seizure is painful (and) severe. 103. Indeed in that (there) is a sure lesson for those who fear the torment of the Hereafter. That is a Day whereon mankind will be gathered together, and that is a Day when all (the dwellers of the heavens and the earth) will be present. 104. And We delay it only for a term (already) fixed.

وَكَذَلِكَ	أَخَذَ	رَبِّكَ	إِذَا	أَخَذَ الْقُرَىٰ
and such	(is the) taking	(of) your Lord	when	He seizes the towns (population)

وَهِيَ	ظَالِمَةٌ	إِنَّ أَخَذَهُ	أَلِيمٌ	شَدِيدٌ	إِنَّ
while they	(are) doing wrong	verily His taking	(is) painful	(and) severe	indeed
فِي ذَلِكَ	لَايَةٌ	لِمَنْ خَافَ	عَذَابَ	الْآخِرَةِ	
in that	(there is) surely a lesson	for (those) who fear	(the) torment	(of) the Hereafter	
ذَلِكَ	يَوْمٌ	تَجْمُوعٌ	لَهُ	النَّاسِ	وَذَلِكَ
that	(is) a Day	(will be) gathered together	for it	mankind	and that
	مَشْهُودٌ	وَمَا نُؤَخِّرُهُ	إِلَّا	لِأَجَلٍ	مَعْدُودٍ
	witnessed	and We delay it not	but	for a term	fixed

يَوْمَ يَأْتُ لَا تَكَلِّمُ نَفْسٌ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ فَمِنْهُمْ شَقِيٌّ وَسَعِيدٌ ﴿١٠٥﴾ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ شَقُوا فَمِنَ النَّارِ لَهُمْ فِيهَا زَفِيرٌ وَشَهِيقٌ ﴿١٠٦﴾ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا مَا دَامَتِ السَّمَوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ رَبُّكَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ فَعَّالٌ لِّمَا يُرِيدُ ﴿١٠٧﴾

105. On the Day when it comes, no person shall speak except by His (Allah's) Leave. Some among them will be wretched and (others) blessed. 106. As for those who are wretched, they will be in the Fire, sighing in a high and low tone. 107. They will dwell therein for all the time that the heavens and the earth endure, except as your Lord wills. Verily, your Lord is the Doer of whatsoever He intends (or wills).

يَوْمَ يَأْتُ	لَا تَكَلِّمُ نَفْسٌ	إِلَّا	بِإِذْنِهِ		
(on the) Day (when) it comes	a person shall not speak	except	by His (Allah's) Leave		
فَمِنْهُمْ	شَقِيٌّ	وَسَعِيدٌ			
then (some) among them	(will be) wretched	and (others) blessed			
فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ شَقُوا	فَفِي النَّارِ	لَهُمْ	فِيهَا	زَفِيرٌ	
as for those who are wretched	then (they will be) in the Fire	for them	in it	(is) sighing	
وَشَهِيقٌ	خَالِدِينَ	فِيهَا	مَا دَامَتِ السَّمَوَاتُ	وَالْأَرْضُ	
and inhaling	they (will) dwell	therein	as long as last the heavens	and the earth	
إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ	رَبُّكَ	إِنَّ رَبَّكَ	فَعَّالٌ	لِّمَا يُرِيدُ	
except what wills	your Lord	verily your Lord	(is) the Doer	[of] what He wants	

﴿وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ سَعِدُوا فَنَفِي الْجَنَّةِ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا مَا دَامَتِ السَّمَوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ رَبُّكَ عَطَاءٌ غَيْرَ مَجْدُودٍ ﴿١٠٨﴾ فَلَا تَكُ فِي مَرِيَةٍ مِمَّا يَعْبُدُ هَؤُلَاءِ مَا يَعْبُدُونَ إِلَّا كَمَا يَعْبُدُ آبَاؤُهُمْ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَإِنَّا لَمُوفُونَ نَصِيْبِهِمْ غَيْرَ مَنْقُوصٍ ﴿١٠٩﴾﴾

108. And those who are blessed, they will be in Paradise, abiding therein for all the time that the heavens and the earth endure, except as your Lord wills: a gift without an end. 109. So be not in doubt (O Muhammad ﷺ) as to what these people (pagans and polytheists) worship. They worship nothing but what their fathers worshipped before (them). And verily, We shall repay them in full their portion without diminution.

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ سَعِدُوا		فَنَفِي الْجَنَّةِ		خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا	
and as for those who are blessed		then (they will be) in Paradise		abiding therein	
مَادَامَتِ السَّمَوَاتُ		وَالْأَرْضُ		إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ رَبُّكَ	
as long as last the heavens		and the earth		except what wills your Lord	
عَطَاءٌ	غَيْرَ	مَجْدُودٍ ﴿١٠٨﴾	فَلَا تَكُ	فِي مَرِيَةٍ	مِمَّا
a gift	without	an end	so be not	in doubt	as to what
يَعْبُدُ هَؤُلَاءِ		مَا يَعْبُدُونَ		إِلَّا	كَمَا
these people (pagans and polytheists) worship		they worship nothing		but	[as] what
يَعْبُدُ آبَاؤُهُمْ		مِنْ قَبْلُ	وَإِنَّا	لَمُوفُونَ	
their fathers worshipped		before (them)	and verily We	(shall) surely repay them in full	
نَصِيْبِهِمْ		غَيْرَ	مَنْقُوصٍ ﴿١٠٩﴾		
their portion		without	decrease		

﴿وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ فَاخْتَلَفَ فِيهِ وَلَوْلَا كَلِمَةٌ سَبَقَتْ مِنْ رَبِّكَ لَفِضَى بَيْنَهُمْ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَفِي شَكٍّ مِنْهُ مُرِيبٍ ﴿١١٠﴾ وَإِنْ كَلَّا لَمَا لِيَؤْفِقِيْنَهُمْ رَبُّكَ أَعْمَالَهُمْ إِنَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿١١١﴾﴾

110. Indeed, We gave the Book to Mūsā (Moses), but differences arose therein,

and had it not been for a Word that had gone forth before from your Lord, the case would have been judged between them, and indeed they are in grave doubt concerning it (this Qur'an). 111. And verily, to each of them your Lord will repay their works in full. Surely, He is All-Acquainted with what they do.

فِيهِ	فَأَخْتَلَفَ	الْكِتَابَ	وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى
therein	but differences arose	the Book	and indeed We gave Moses
مِنْ رَبِّكَ	وَلَوْلَا كَلِمَةٌ سَبَقَتْ		
from your Lord	and had (it) not been for a Word that had gone forth before		
وَأِيَّاهُمْ	لَقَضَىٰ بَيْنَهُمْ		
and indeed they	(the case) surely would have been judged between them		
مُرِيبٌ	مِّنْهُ	لَفِي شَكِّ	
suspicious	concerning it (this Quran)	surely (are) in doubt	
رَبِّكَ	لَيُوفِينَاهُمْ	لَمَّا	وَإِنَّ كَلِمَةً
your Lord	surely will repay them in full	[when]	and verily (to) each (of them)
	بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ خَيْرٌ	إِنَّهُ	أَعْمَلَهُمْ
	(is) All-Aware of what they do	surely He	their works

فَأَسْتَقِمَّ كَمَا أَمَرْتَ وَمَنْ تَابَ مَعَكَ وَلَا تَطْعَوْا إِنَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿١١٢﴾ وَلَا تَرْكَبُوا إِلَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا فْتَمَسَّكُمْ النَّارُ وَمَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَوْلِيَاءَ ثُمَّ لَا تُنصَرُونَ ﴿١١٣﴾ وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ طَرَفِي النَّهَارِ وَزُلْفًا مِّنَ اللَّيْلِ إِنَّ الْحَسَنَاتِ يُذْهِبَنَّ السَّيِّئَاتِ ذَلِكَ ذِكْرَى لِلذَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١١٤﴾

112. So stand (ask Allāh to make) you (Muhammad ﷺ) firm and straight (on the religion of Islamic Monotheism) as you are commanded and those (your companions) who turn in repentance (to Allāh) with you, and transgress not (Allāh's legal limits). Verily, He is All-Seer of what you do. 113. And incline not toward those who do wrong, lest the Fire should touch you, and you have no protectors other than Allāh, nor you would then be helped. 114. And perform

As-Salāt (the prayers), at the two ends of the day and in some hours of the night [i.e. the five compulsory Salāt (prayers)]. Verily, the good deeds remove the evil deeds (i.e. small sins). That is a reminder (an advice) for the mindful (those who accept advice).

كَمَا أُمِرْتَ		فَأَسْتَقِمَّ		
as you are commanded		so stand you (Muhammad) firm (and straight)		
وَلَا تَطْغَوْا ^ع	مَعَكُمْ	وَمَنْ تَابَ		
and transgress not	with you	and (those) who turn in repentance (unto Allah)		
إِلَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا	وَلَا تَرْكَبُوا	بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرًا ^{١١٥}	إِنَّهُ	
toward those who do wrong	and incline not	(is) All-Seer of what you do	verily He	
مِنْ أَوْلِيَاءَ	مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ	لَكُمْ	وَمَا	النَّارُ
any protectors	other than Allah	you have	and not	the Fire
طَرَفِي	وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ	لَا تُنصَرُونَ ^{١١٦}		ثُمَّ
(at the) two ends	and offer the prayers (perfectly)	you would not be helped		then
إِنَّ الْحَسَنَاتِ	مِنَ اللَّيْلِ	وَزُلْفَا	النَّهَارِ	
verily the good deeds	of the night	and (in) some hours	(of) the day	
لِلذَّكِرِينَ ^{١١٥}	ذَكَرَى	ذَلِكَ	يُذْهِبَنَّ السَّيِّئَاتِ ^ع	
for the mindful	(is) a reminder	that	remove the evil deeds	

وَأَصْبِرْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١١٥﴾ فَلَوْلَا كَانَ مِنَ الْقُرُونِ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ أُولُوا بَقِيَّةَ يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْفَسَادِ فِي الْأَرْضِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِمَّنْ أَنْجَيْنَا مِنْهُمْ وَاتَّبَعَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مَا أُتْرِفُوا فِيهِ وَكَانُوا مُجْرِمِينَ ﴿١١٦﴾

115. And be patient; verily, Allāh wastes not the reward of the good-doers. 116. If only there had been among the generations before you persons having wisdom, prohibiting (others) from *Al-Fasād* (disbelief, polytheism, and all kinds of crimes and sins) in the earth, except a few of those whom We saved from among them! Those who did wrong pursued the enjoyment of good

things of (this worldly) life, and were *Mujrimūn* (criminals, disbelievers in Allāh, polytheists, sinners).

وَأَصْبِرْ	فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ	لَا يُضِيعُ	أَجْرَ	الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١١٥﴾
and be patient	for verily Allah	wastes not	(the) reward	(of) the good-doers
فَلَوْلَا كَانَ	مِنَ الْقُرُونِ	مِن قَبْلِكُمْ	أُولُوا	
so if not (there) had been	among the generations	before you	persons (having)	
بَقِيَّةٍ	يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْفَسَادِ	فِي الْأَرْضِ	إِلَّا قَلِيلًا	
wisdom	prohibiting (others) from mischief (corruption)	in the earth	except a few	
مِمَّنْ أَنْجَيْنَا	مِنْهُمْ	وَاتَّبَعِ	الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا	
of those whom We saved	from (among) them	and pursued	those who did wrong	
مَا	أَتْرَفُوا فِيهِ	وَكَانُوا مُجْرِمِينَ ﴿١١٧﴾		
what	they were provided with good things in it	and they were sinners		

وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ لِيُهْلِكَ الْقُرَىٰ بِظُلْمٍ وَأَهْلُهَا مُصْلِحُونَ ﴿١١٧﴾ وَلَوْ شَاءَ رَبُّكَ لَجَعَلَ النَّاسَ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً وَلَا نَزَّلْنَا لُونًا مُّخْتَلِفِينَ ﴿١١٨﴾ إِلَّا مَنْ رَّحِمَ رَبُّكَ وَلِذَلِكَ خَلَقَهُمْ وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَةُ رَبِّكَ لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١١٩﴾

117. And your Lord would never destroy the towns wrongfully, while their people were right doers. 118. And if your Lord had so willed, He could surely have made mankind one *Ummah* [nation or community (following one religion, i.e., Islam)], but they will not cease to disagree. 119. Except him on whom your Lord has bestowed His Mercy (the follower of truth – Islamic Monotheism) and for that did He create them. And the Word of your Lord has been fulfilled (i.e. His Saying): “Surely, I shall fill Hell with jinn and men all together.”

وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ	لِيُهْلِكَ الْقُرَىٰ	بِظُلْمٍ	وَأَهْلُهَا
and your Lord would not	destroy the towns	wrongfully	while their people
مُصْلِحُونَ ﴿١١٧﴾	وَلَوْ شَاءَ رَبُّكَ	لَجَعَلَ النَّاسَ	
(were) right doers	and if your Lord had willed	He (could) surely have made mankind	

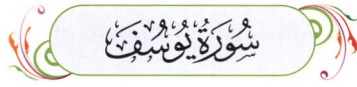
إِلَّا مَن	وَلَا يَزَالُونَ مُخْتَلِفِينَ ﴿١١٨﴾		وَاحِدَةً	أُمَّةً
except (him on) whom	but they will not cease to disagree		one	nation
خَلَقَهُمْ	وَلِذَلِكَ	رَّحِمَ رَبِّكَ		
He created them	and for that	your Lord has bestowed His Mercy		
مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ	لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ	رَبِّكَ	وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَةُ	
with jinn	surely I shall fill Hell	(of) your Lord	and shall be fulfilled (the) Word	
	أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١١٩﴾	وَالنَّاسِ		
	all together	and men		

وَكُلَّا نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ الرُّسُلِ مَا نَشِئْتُ بِهِءَ فُؤَادِكَ وَجَاءَكَ فِي هَذِهِ الْحَقُّ وَمَوْعِظَةٌ
 وَذِكْرَى لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٢٠﴾ وَقُلْ لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ أَعْمَلُوا عَلَىٰ مَكَاتِكُمْ إِنَّا عَامِلُونَ ﴿١٢١﴾ وَأَنْظِرُوا
 إِنَّا مُنْظِرُونَ ﴿١٢٢﴾ وَلِلَّهِ غَيْبُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَإِلَيْهِ يُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ كُلُّهَا فاعْبُدْهُ وَتَوَكَّلْ
 عَلَيْهِ وَمَا رَبُّكَ بِغَفِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٢٣﴾

120. And all that We relate to you (O Muhammad ﷺ) of the news of the Messengers is in order that We may make strong and firm your heart thereby. And in this (chapter of the Qur'an) has come to you the truth, as well as an admonition and a reminder for the believers. 121. And say to those who do not believe: "Act according to your ability and way, We are acting (in our way). 122. "And you wait! We (too) are waiting." 123. And to Allāh belongs the *Ghaib* (Unseen) of the heavens and the earth, and to Him return all affairs (for decision). So worship Him (O Muhammad ﷺ) and put your trust in Him. And your Lord is not unaware of what you (people) do.

مَا	الرُّسُلِ	مِنَ أَنْبَاءِ	نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ	وَكُلَّا
(is) that	(of) the Messengers	of (the) news	We relate to you	and all (that)
فِي هَذِهِ	وَجَاءَكَ	فُؤَادَكَ	بِهِءَ	نَشِئْتُ
in this	and has come to you	your heart	thereby	We may make strong (and firm)
لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٢٠﴾	وَذِكْرَى	وَمَوْعِظَةٌ	الْحَقُّ	
for the believers	and a reminder	and an admonition	the truth	

وَقُلْ	لِلَّذِينَ	لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ	أَعْمَلُوا عَلَيَّ مَا كَانَتْ كُمْ	إِنَّا
and say	to those who	(do) not believe	act according to your ability	Verily We
عَمِلُونَ	وَأَنْتَظِرُونَ	إِنَّا	مُنْتَظِرُونَ	
(are) acting (in our way)	and wait	indeed We (too)	(are) waiting	
وَلِلَّهِ غَيْبٌ	السَّمَوَاتِ	وَالْأَرْضِ	وَإِلَيْهِ	
and to Allah (belongs the) Unseen	(of) the heavens	and the earth	and to Him	
يُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ	كُلُّهُ	فَاعْبُدْهُ	وَتَوَكَّلْ	
return affairs	all of it	so worship Him (O Muhammad)	and put your trust	
عَلَيْهِ	وَمَا رَبُّكَ	يَعْفَلُ	عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ	
in Him	and your Lord (is) not	unaware	of what you (people) do	



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الرَّ تِلْكَ آيَاتُ الْكِتَابِ الْمُبِينِ ﴿١﴾ إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ قُرْآنًا عَرَبِيًّا لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٢﴾ نَحْنُ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ أَحْسَنَ الْقَصَصِ بِمَا أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ وَإِنْ كُنْتَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ لَمَنِ الْغَافِلِينَ ﴿٣﴾ إِذْ قَالَ يُوسُفُ لِأَبِيهِ يَا أَبَتِ إِنِّي رَأَيْتُ أَحَدَ عَشَرَ كَوْكَبًا وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ رَأَيْتُهُمْ لِي سَاجِدِينَ ﴿٤﴾

Sūrah Yūsuf [(Prophet) Joseph] 12

In the Name of Allāh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

1. Alif-Lām-Rā. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ān, and none but Allāh (Alone) knows their meanings.] These are the Verses of the Clear Book (the Qur'ān that makes clear the legal and illegal things, legal laws, a guidance and a blessing). 2. Verily, We have sent it down as an Arabic Qur'ān in order that you may understand. 3. We relate to you (Muhammad ﷺ) the

best of stories through Our Revelations to you, of this Qur'ān. And before this (i.e. before the coming of Divine Revelation to you), you were among those who knew nothing about it (the Qur'ān). 4. (Remember) when Yūsuf (Joseph) said to his father: "O my father! Verily, I saw (in a dream) eleven stars and the sun and the moon – I saw them prostrating themselves to me."

الرَّحِيمِ		الرَّحْمَنِ		بِسْمِ اللَّهِ	
the Most Merciful		the Most Gracious		In the Name (of) Allah	
إِنَّا	الْمَبِينِ	الْكِتَابِ	ءَايَاتُ	تِلْكَ	الرَّ
verily We	[the] Clear	(of) the Book	(are the) Verses	these	Alif-Lam-Ra
نَحْنُ نَقُصُّ	لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ	عَرَبِيًّا	قُرْءَانًا	أَنْزَلْنَاهُ	
We relate	so that you may understand	(in) Arabic	(as) a Quran	have sent it down	
أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ	بِمَا	الْقَصَصِ	أَحْسَنَ	عَلَيْكَ	
We have revealed unto you	through what	(of) stories	(the) best	unto you (O Muhammad)	
لِمَنِ الْغَافِلِينَ	مِنْ قَبْلِهِ	وَإِنْ كُنْتَ	الْقُرْءَانَ	هَذَا	
surely among the heedless	before this	and though you were	Quran	(of) this	
أَحَدَ عَشَرَ	إِنِّي رَأَيْتُ	يَتَأْتِي	لِأَبِيهِ	قَالَ يُوسُفُ	إِذْ
eleven	verily I saw (in a dream)	O my father	to his father	Joseph said	(remember) when
سَاجِدِينَ	لِي	رَأَيْتُهُمْ	وَالْقَمَرَ	وَالشَّمْسَ	كُوكَبًا
prostrating (themselves)	to me	I saw them	and the moon	and the sun	stars

قَالَ يَبْنَئِي لَا نَفْصُصَ رء يَا ك عَلَى إِخْوَتِكَ فَيَكِيدُ وَأَلَك كِيدًا إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ ﴿٦﴾ وَكَذَلِكَ يَجْنِيكَ رَبُّكَ وَيُعَلِّمُكَ مِنْ تَأْوِيلِ الْأَحَادِيثِ وَيُتِمُّ نِعْمَتَهُ عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَىٰ آلِ يَعْقُوبَ كَمَا أَتَمَّهَا عَلَىٰ أَبَوَيْكَ مِنْ قَبْلُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْحَاقَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿٧﴾

5. He (the father) said: "O my son! Relate not your vision to your brothers, lest they should arrange a plot against you. Verily, *Shaitān* (Satan) is to man an open enemy! 6. "Thus will your Lord choose you and teach you the interpretation of dreams (and other things) and perfect His Favour on you and

on the offspring of Ya'qūb (Jacob), as He perfected it on your fathers, Ibrāhīm (Abraham) and Ishāq (Isaac) aforetime! Verily, your Lord is All-Knowing, All-Wise."

فَيَكِيدُوا	عَلَىٰ إِخْوَتِكَ	لَا نَقْضُ رُءْيَاكَ	قَالَ يَبْنَىٰ		
lest they should plot	to your brothers	relate not your vision	he said O my son		
مُتَّبِعِينَ	عَدُوًّا	لِلْإِنْسَانِ	إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ	كَيْدًا	لَكَ
open	(is) an enemy	to man	verily Satan	a plot	against you
مِن تَأْوِيلِ	وَيُعَلِّمُكَ	رَبِّكَ	يَجْتَنِيكَ	وَكذَلِكَ	
[from] (the) interpretation	and teach you	your Lord	will choose you	and thus	
وَعَلَىٰ ءَالِ	عَلَيْكَ	وَيَتِمُّ نِعْمَتَهُ	الْأَحَادِيثِ		
and on (the) offspring	on you	and perfect His Favour	(of) dreams (and other things)		
إِبْرَاهِيمَ	مِن قَبْلُ	عَلَىٰ آبَوَيْكَ	كَمَا أَتَمَّهَا	يَعْقُوبَ	
Abraham	aforetime	on your two fathers	as He perfected it	(of) Jacob	
حَكِيمٌ	عَلِيمٌ	إِنَّ رَبَّكَ	وَإِسْحَاقَ		
All-Wise	(is) All-Knowing	verily your Lord	and Isaac		

﴿٧﴾ لَقَدْ كَانَ فِي يُوسُفَ وَإِخْوَتِهِ ءَايَاتٌ لِّلسَّالِفِينَ ﴿٧﴾ إِذْ قَالُوا لِيُوسُفُ وَأَخُوهُ أَحَبُّ إِلَيْنَا مِمَّا نَحْنُ غُصْبَةٌ إِنَّ أَبَانَا لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿٨﴾ اقْتُلُوا يُوسُفَ أَوْ اطْرَحُوهُ أَرْضًا يَخْلُ لَكُمْ وَجْهُ أَيْكُمُ وَتَكُونُوا مِن بَعْدِهِ قَوْمًا صَالِحِينَ ﴿٩﴾ قَالَ قَائِلٌ مِّنْهُمْ لَا تَقْتُلُوا يُوسُفَ وَأَلْقُوهُ فِي غِيَابَتِ الْجُبِّ يَلْقَاهُ بَعْضُ السَّيَّارَةِ إِن كُنْتُمْ فَاعِلِينَ ﴿١٠﴾

7. Verily, in Yūsuf (Joseph) and his brethren, there were *Ayāt* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.) for those who ask. 8. When they said: "Truly, Yūsuf (Joseph) and his brother (Benjamin) are dearer to our father than we, while we are 'Usbah (a strong group). Really, our father is in a plain error. 9. "Kill Yūsuf (Joseph) or cast him out to some (other) land, so that the favour of your father may be given to you alone, and after that you will be a righteous folk (by intending repentance before committing the sin)." 10. One from among them said: "Kill not Yūsuf (Joseph), but if you must do something,

throw him down to the bottom of a well; he will be picked up by some caravan of travellers."

لَقَدْ	كَانَ فِي يُوسُفَ	وَإِخْوَتِهِ	ءَايَاتٌ	لِّلسَّالِئِلِينَ ﴿٧﴾	إِذْ
verily	(there) were in Joseph	and his brethren	signs	for those who ask	when
قَالُوا لِيُوسُفَ	وَآخُوهُ	أَحَبُّ	إِلَىٰ آبِنَا	مِنَّا	
they said truly Joseph	and his brother (Benjamin)	(are) dearer	to our father	than us	
وَنَحْنُ	عُصْبَةٌ	إِنَّ أَبَانَا	لَفِي ضَلَالٍ	مُّبِينٍ ﴿٨﴾	
while we	(are) a strong group	really our father	(is) surely in an error	manifest	
أَقْتُلُوا يُوسُفَ	أَوْ أَطْرَحُوهُ	أَرْضًا	يَخْلُ لَكُمْ		
kill Joseph	or cast him out	(to some other) land	(so that) will be free for you (alone)		
وَجْهٌ	أَيْكُمُ	وَتَكُونُوا	مِنْ بَعْدِهِ	قَوْمًا	صَالِحِينَ ﴿٩﴾
(the) face	(of) your father	and you will be	after that	a people	righteous
قَالَ قَائِلٌ	مِّنْهُمْ	لَا تَقْتُلُوا يُوسُفَ	وَأَلْقُوهُ	فِي غِيَابَتِ	
said a speaker	of them	kill not Joseph	but throw him down	to (the) bottom	
الْجُبِّ	يَلْقَاهُ	بَعْضُ	السَّيَّارَةِ	إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فَاعِلِينَ ﴿١٠﴾	
(of) a well	will pick him up	some	caravan (of travellers)	if you are doing	

قَالُوا يَا أَبَانَا مَا لَكَ لَا تَأْمَنَّا عَلَىٰ يُوسُفَ وَإِنَّا لَهُ لَنَصِحُونَ ﴿١١﴾ أَرْسَلَهُ مَعَنَا غَدًا يَرْتَعِ وَيَلْعَبُ وَإِنَّا لَهُ لَحَافِظُونَ ﴿١٢﴾ قَالَ إِنِّي لِيَحْزُنُنِي أَنْ تَذْهَبُوا بِهِ، وَأَخَافُ أَنْ يَأْكُلَهُ الذِّبُّ وَأَنْتُمْ عَنْهُ غَافِلُونَ ﴿١٣﴾ قَالُوا لَيْنَ أَكَلَهُ الذِّبُّ وَنَحْنُ عُصْبَةٌ إِنَّا إِذًا لَّخَسِرُونَ ﴿١٤﴾ فَلَمَّا ذَهَبُوا بِهِ، وَأَجْمَعُوا أَنْ يَجْعَلُوهُ فِي غِيَابَتِ الْجُبِّ وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْهِ لَتُنَبِّئَنَّهُمْ بِأَمْرِهِمْ هَذَا وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿١٥﴾

11. They said: "O our father! Why do you not trust us with Yūsuf (Joseph) though we are indeed his well-wishers?" 12. "Send him with us tomorrow to enjoy himself and play, and verily, we will take care of him." 13. He [Ya'qūb

(Jacob)] said: "Truly, it saddens me that you should take him away. I fear lest a wolf should devour him, while you are careless of him." 14. They said: "If a wolf devours him, while we are 'Usbah (a strong group to guard him), then surely, we are the losers." 15. So, when they took him away, they all agreed to throw him down to the bottom of the well, and We revealed to him: "Indeed, you shall (one day) inform them of this their affair, when they know (you) not."

قَالُوا يَا أَبَانَا		مَا	لَكَ	لَا تَأْتَمِنَّا
they said O our father		what (reason)	have you	(that do) you not trust us
عَلَى يُوسُفَ	وَإِنَّا	لَهُ	لَنَنْصِحُونَ	أَرْسِلْهُ
with Joseph	when we indeed	for him	surely (are) well-wishers	send him
مَعَنَا	وَيَلْعَبُ	وَيَلْعَبُ	وَيَلْعَبُ	لَحَفِظُونَ
with us	and play	and play	and verily we	surely will take care
غَدًا	يَرْتَعُ	وَيَلْعَبُ	وَيَلْعَبُ	لَحَفِظُونَ
tomorrow	to enjoy himself	and play	and verily we	surely will take care
قَالَ إِنِّي	لَيَحْزَنُنِي	أَنْ	تَذْهَبُوا بِهِ	
he (Jacob) said truly [I]	it surely saddens me	that	you should take him away	
وَأَخَافُ	أَنْ يَأْكُلَهُ	الذِّئْبُ	وَأَنْتُمْ	عَنْفَلُونَ
and I fear	lest should devour him	a wolf	while you	(are) careless
قَالُوا	لَيْنِ أَكَلَهُ	الذِّئْبُ	وَنَحْنُ	عُصْبَةٌ
they said	if devours him	a wolf	while we	(are) a strong group
إِذَا	لَخَسِرُونَ	فَلَمَّا	ذَهَبُوا بِهِ	وَأَجْمَعُوا
then	(are) indeed the losers	so when	they went away with him	and they all agreed
أَنْ يَجْعَلُوهُ	فِي غَيْبَتِ	الْجَبِّ	وَأَوْحَيْنَا	إِلَيْهِ
to put him down	in (the) bottom	(of) the well	and We revealed	to him
لَتُنَبِّئَنَّهُمْ	بِأَمْرِهِمْ	هَذَا	وَهُمْ	لَا يَشْعُرُونَ
indeed you shall (one day) inform them	of their affair	this	while they	know (you) not

وَجَاءَ وَآبَاهُمْ عِشَاءً يَبْكُونَ ﴿١٤﴾ قَالُوا يَا أَبَانَا إِنَّا ذَهَبْنَا نَسْتَبِقُ وَتَرَكْنَا يُوسُفَ عِنْدَ مَتْعِنَا فَاكَلَهُ الذِّئْبُ وَمَا أَنْتَ بِمُؤْمِنٍ لَنَا وَلَوْ كُنَّا صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٥﴾ وَجَاءَ وَعَلَى

قَمِيصِهِ بِدَمٍ كَذِبٍ قَالَ بَلْ سَوَّلَتْ لَكُمْ أَنْفُسُكُمْ أَمْرًا فَصَبْرٌ جَمِيلٌ وَاللَّهُ الْمُسْتَعَانُ عَلَى مَا تَصِفُونَ ﴿١٨﴾

16. And they came to their father in the early part of the night weeping. 17. They said: "O our father! We went racing with one another, and left Yūsuf (Joseph) by our belongings and a wolf devoured him; but you will never believe us even when we speak the truth." 18. And they brought his shirt stained with false blood. He said: "Nay, but your ownselves have made up a tale. So (for me) patience is most fitting. And it is Allāh (Alone) Whose Help can be sought against that (lie) which you describe."

وَجَاءَ وَآبَاهُمْ		عِشَاءً		يَبْكُونَ ﴿١٦﴾	
and they came to their father		in the early part of the night		weeping	
قَالُوا يَا أَبَانَا		إِنَّا ذَهَبْنَا		وَتَرَكْنَا يُوسُفَ	
they said O our father		verily we went		and we left Joseph	
عِنْدَ	مَتَعِنَا	فَأَكَلَهُ	الذَّيْبُ	وَمَا	أَنْتَ
by	our belongings	and devoured him	a wolf	and not	you
وَلَوْ كُنَّا صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٧﴾	وَجَاءُوا	عَلَى قَمِيصِهِ	بِدَمٍ	كَذِبٍ	
even if we are truthful	and they brought	on his shirt	with blood	false	
قَالَ بَلْ	سَوَّلَتْ لَكُمْ	أَنْفُسُكُمْ	أَمْرًا	فَصَبْرٌ	جَمِيلٌ
he said nay	have made up for you	your ownselves	a tale	so patience	(is) most fitting
وَاللَّهُ الْمُسْتَعَانُ			عَلَى مَا تَصِفُونَ ﴿١٨﴾		
and (it is) Allah (Alone) Whose Help can be sought			against what you assert		

وَجَاءَتْ سَيَّارَةٌ فَأَرْسَلُوا وَارِدَهُمْ فَأَدْلَى دَلْوَهُ. قَالَ يَا بُشْرَى هَذَا غُلْمٌ وَأَسْرُوهُ بَضْعَةً وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٧﴾ وَشَرَّوهُ بِشَمْنٍ بَخْسٍ دَرَاهِمَ مَعْدُودَةٍ وَكَانُوا فِيهِ مِنَ الزَّاهِدِينَ ﴿١٨﴾ وَقَالَ الَّذِي اشْتَرَاهُ مِنْ مِصْرَ لِأَمْرَأَتِهِ أَكْرِمِي مَثْوَاهُ عَسَى أَنْ يَنْفَعَنَا أَوْ نَتَّخِذَهُ. وَلَدَا وَكَذَلِكَ مَكَّنَّا لِيُوسُفَ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلِنُعَلِّمَهُ. مِنْ تَأْوِيلِ

الْأَحَادِيثِ وَاللَّهُ غَالِبٌ عَلَى أَمْرِهِ. وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٩﴾

19. And there came a caravan of travellers and they sent their water-drawer, and he let down his bucket (into the well). He said: "What a good news! Here is a boy." So they hid him as merchandise (a slave). And Allāh was All-Knower of what they did. 20. And they sold him for a low price, – for a few dirhams (i.e. for a few silver coins). And they were of those who regarded him insignificant. 21. And he (the man) from Egypt who bought him, said to his wife: "Make his stay comfortable, may be he will profit us or we shall adopt him as a son." Thus did We establish Yūsuf (Joseph) in the land, that We might teach him the interpretation of events. And Allāh has full power and control over His Affairs, but most of men know not.

فَأَرْسَلُوهُ وَارِدَهُمْ		وَجَاءَتْ سَيَّارَةٌ	
so they sent their water-drawer		and (there) came a caravan (of travellers)	
فَأَدْلَى دَلْوَهُ	قَالَ يَبْشُرِي	هَذَا	غُلْمٌ
and he let down his bucket (into the well)	he said O good news	this	(is) a boy
وَأَسْرَوْهُ	بِضْعَةً	وَاللَّهُ	عَلِيمٌ
so they hid him	(as) merchandise (a slave)	and Allah	(was) All-Knower
بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾	وَشَرَوْهُ	بِشَمٍ	بِحَسِيسٍ
of what they did	and they sold him	for a price	low
وَكَانُوا	فِيهِ	مِنَ الزَّاهِدِينَ ﴿٢١﴾	وَقَالَ الَّذِي
and they were	about him	of those who concerned not	and said the man who
أَشْتَرْتَهُ	مِنْ مِصْرَ	لِأَمْرَاتِهِ	أَكْرِمِي مَثْوَاهُ
bought him	from Egypt	to his wife	may be make comfortable his stay
أَنْ يَنْفَعَنَا	أَوْ نَتَّخِذَهُ	وَلَدًا	وَكَذَلِكَ
that he will profit us	or we shall adopt him	(as) a son	and thus
فِي الْأَرْضِ	وَلِنُعَلِّمَهُ	مِن تَأْوِيلِ	الْأَحَادِيثِ
in the land	and that We might teach him	(the) interpretation	(of) events
وَاللَّهُ غَالِبٌ	عَلَى أَمْرِهِ	وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ	
and Allah has full power (and control)	over His Affairs	[and] but most	

النَّاسِ	لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
(of) men	know not

وَلَمَّا بَلَغَ أَشُدَّهُ ۖ آتَيْنَاهُ حُكْمًا وَعِلْمًا ۖ وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٢٣﴾ وَرَوَدَتْهُ الَّتِي هُوَ فِي بَيْتِهَا عَنْ نَفْسِهِ ۖ وَعَلَقَتِ الْأَبْوَابَ وَقَالَتْ هَيْت لَكَ ۚ قَالَ مَعَاذَ اللَّهِ إِنَّهُ رَبِّي أَحْسَنَ مَثْوَايَ إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٢٤﴾

22. And when he [Yūsuḥ (Joseph)] attained his full manhood, We gave him wisdom and knowledge (the Prophethood), thus We reward the *Muhsinūn* (doers of good). 23. And she, in whose house he was, sought to seduce him (to do an evil act), and she closed the doors and said: "Come on, O you." He said: "I seek refuge in Allāh (or Allāh forbid)! Truly, he (your husband) is my master! He made my living in a great comfort! (So I will never betray him). Verily, the *Zālimūn* (wrong and evildoers) will never be successful."

وَلَمَّا	بَلَغَ أَشُدَّهُ ۖ	آتَيْنَاهُ	حُكْمًا
and when	he attained his full manhood	We gave him	wisdom
وَعِلْمًا	وَكَذَلِكَ	نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٢٣﴾	
and knowledge (the Prophethood)	and thus	We reward the good-doers	
وَرَوَدَتْهُ	الَّتِي	هُوَ	فِي بَيْتِهَا
and sought to seduce him	she who	he (was)	in her house
وَعَلَقَتِ الْأَبْوَابَ	وَقَالَتْ هَيْت	لَكَ ۚ	قَالَ مَعَاذَ اللَّهِ
and she closed the doors	and she said come on	O you	he said I seek refuge in Allāh
إِنَّهُ ۖ	رَبِّي	أَحْسَنَ مَثْوَايَ ۖ	
truly he (your husband)	(is) my master	he made agreeable my stay	
إِنَّهُ ۖ	لَا يُفْلِحُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٢٤﴾		
verily [he]	the wrongdoers will not be successful		

وَلَقَدْ هَمَّتْ بِهِ ۖ وَهَمَّ بِهَا لَوْلَا أَنَّ رَجَا بُرْهَانَ رَبِّهِ ۚ كَذَلِكَ لِنَصْرِفَ عَنْهُ السُّوءَ

وَالْفَحْشَاءَ إِنَّهُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿٢٤﴾ وَأَسْتَبَقَا الْبَابَ وَقَدَّتْ قَمِيصَهُ مِنْ دُبُرٍ وَالْفَيَاسِيْدَ هَا لَدَا الْبَابِ قَالَتْ مَا جَزَاءُ مَنْ أَرَادَ بِأَهْلِكَ سُوءًا إِلَّا أَنْ يُسْجَنَ أَوْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٥﴾

24. And indeed she did desire him, and he would have inclined to her desire, had he not seen the evidence of his Lord. Thus it was, that We might turn away from him evil and illegal sexual intercourse. Surely, he was one of Our chosen (guided) slaves. 25. So, they raced with one another to the door, and she tore his shirt from the back. They both found her lord (i.e. her husband) at the door. She said: "What is the recompense (punishment) for him who intended an evil design against your wife, except that he be put in prison or a painful torment?"

وَلَقَدْ	هَمَّتْ بِهِ	وَهُمْ	بِهَا	لَوْلَا
and indeed	she did desire him	and he would have inclined	to her (desire)	if not
أَنْ رَأَى بُرْهَانَ	رَبِّهِ	كَذَلِكَ	لِنَصْرِفَ	
[that] he had seen (the) evidence	(of) his Lord	thus (it was)	that We might turn away	
عَنْهُ السُّوءَ	وَالْفَحْشَاءَ	إِنَّهُ	مِنْ عِبَادِنَا	
evil	and illegal sexual intercourse	surely he	(was one) of Our slaves	
الْمُخْلِصِينَ ﴿٢٤﴾	وَأَسْتَبَقَا الْبَابَ	وَقَدَّتْ قَمِيصَهُ	مِنْ دُبُرٍ	
sincere	so they both raced to the door	and she tore his shirt	from the back	
وَالْفَيَاسِيْدَهَا	لَدَا	الْبَابِ	قَالَتْ	مَا
and they both found her lord (her husband)	at	the door	she said	what
جَزَاءً	مَنْ أَرَادَ	بِأَهْلِكَ		
(is the) recompense (punishment)	(of him) who intended	against your wife		
سُوءًا	إِلَّا	أَنْ يُسْجَنَ	أَوْ عَذَابٌ	أَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٥﴾
an evil (design)	except	that he be put in prison	or a torment	painful

قَالَ هِيَ رَوَدَّتْنِي عَنْ نَفْسِي وَشَهِدَ شَاهِدٌ مِّنْ أَهْلِهَا إِنْ كَانَتْ قَمِيصَهُ قَدْ مِّنْ قَبْلِ فَصَدَقَتْ وَهُوَ مِنَ الْكٰذِبِيْنَ ﴿٢٥﴾ وَإِنْ كَانَتْ قَمِيصَهُ قَدْ مِّنْ دُبُرٍ فَكَذَبَتْ وَهُوَ مِّنْ

الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٢٧﴾ فَلَمَّارًا قَمِيصَهُ، قَدْ مِنْ دُبُرٍ قَالَ إِنَّهُ، مِنْ كَيْدِكُنَّ إِنَّ كَيْدَكُنَّ عَظِيمٌ ﴿٢٨﴾ يُوسُفُ أَعْرَضَ عَنْ هَذَا وَاسْتَغْفِرِي لِذَنبِكِ إِنَّكِ كُنْتِ مِنَ الْخَاطِئِينَ ﴿٢٩﴾

26. He [Yūsuf (Joseph)] said: "It was she that sought to seduce me;" and a witness of her household bore witness (saying): "If it be that his shirt is torn from the front, then her tale is true and he is a liar! 27. "But if it be that his shirt is torn from the back, then she has told a lie and he is speaking the truth!" 28. So, when he (her husband) saw his [Yūsuf's (Joseph's)] shirt torn at the back, he (her husband) said: "Surely, it is a plot of you women! Certainly mighty is your plot! 29. "O Yūsuf (Joseph)! Turn away from this! (O woman!) Ask forgiveness for your sin. Verily, you were of the sinful."

عَنْ نَفْسِي	رَوَدَّتْنِي	قَالَ هِيَ		
about myself	that sought to seduce me	he (Joseph) said (it was) she		
قَدْ مِنْ قَبْلِ	إِنْ كَانَتْ قَمِيصُهُ،	مِنْ أَهْلِهَا	شَاهِدٌ	وَشَهِدَ
is torn from the front	if it be (that) his shirt	of her household	a witness	and bore witness
وَإِنْ كَانَتْ قَمِيصُهُ،	مِنَ الْكَذِبِينَ ﴿٢٧﴾	وَهُوَ	فَصَدَقَتْ	
but if it be (that) his shirt	(is) of the liars	and he	then she speaks the truth	
فَلَمَّا	مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٢٨﴾	وَهُوَ	فَكَذَبَتْ	قَدْ مِنْ دُبُرٍ
so when	(is) of the truthful	and he	then she has told a lie	is torn from the back
إِنَّهُ،	قَالَ	قَدْ مِنْ دُبُرٍ	رَأَى قَمِيصَهُ،	
surely it	he said	torn from the back	he (her husband) saw his (Joseph's) shirt	
عَنْ هَذَا	يُوسُفُ ﴿٢٩﴾	عَظِيمٌ ﴿٢٨﴾	إِنَّ كَيْدَكُنَّ	مِنْ كَيْدِكُنَّ
turn away from this	O Joseph	(is) mighty	certainly your plot	(is) of your plot (O women)
مِنَ الْخَاطِئِينَ ﴿٢٩﴾	إِنَّكِ كُنْتِ	لِذَنبِكِ	وَاسْتَغْفِرِي	
of the sinful	verily you were	for your sin	and ask (O woman) forgiveness	

﴿٢٩﴾ وَقَالَ نِسْوَةٌ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ امْرَأَتُ الْعَزِيزِ تُرَوِّدُ فَتَاهَا عَنْ نَفْسِهِ، قَدْ شَغَفَهَا حُبًّا إِنَّا

لَزَرَبَهَا فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿٣٠﴾ فَلَمَّا سَمِعَتْ بِمَكْرِهِنَّ أَرْسَلَتْ إِلَيْهِنَّ وَأَعْتَدَتْ لَهُنَّ مُتَّكًا وَءَاتَتْ
كُلَّ وَاحِدَةٍ مِّنْهُنَّ سِكِّينًا وَقَالَتِ اخْرُجْ عَلَيْهِنَّ فَلَمَّارَأَيْتَهُنَّ أَكْبَرْتَهُنَّ وَقَطَّعْنَ أَيْدِيَهُنَّ وَقُلْنَ حَاشَ لِلَّهِ
مَا هَذَا بَشَرًا إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا مَلَكٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿٣١﴾

30. And women in the city said: "The wife of Al-'Aziz is seeking to seduce her (slave) young man, indeed she loves him violently; verily, we see her in plain error." 31. So when she heard of their accusation, she sent for them and prepared a banquet for them; she gave each one of them a knife (to cut the foodstuff with), and she said [to Yūsof (Joseph)]: "Come out before them." Then, when they saw him, they exalted him (at his beauty) and (in their astonishment) cut their hands. They said: "How perfect is Allāh (or Allāh forbid)! No man is this! This is none other than a noble angel!"

وَقَالَ نِسْوَةٌ	فِي الْمَدِينَةِ	أُمَّرَاتُ	الْعَزِيزِ
and said women	in the city	(the) wife	(of) Al-Aziz
تُرَوِّدُ فَنَّهَا	عَنْ نَفْسِهِ	قَدْ شَغَفَهَا	حُبًّا
is seeking to seduce her young man (slave)	about himself	indeed he filled her	(with) love
إِنَّا	لَنَرَبَهَا	فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿٣٠﴾	فَلَمَّا سَمِعَتْ بِمَكْرِهِنَّ
verily we	surely see her	in an error	she heard of their accusation
أَرْسَلَتْ إِلَيْهِنَّ	وَأَعْتَدَتْ	لَهُنَّ مُتَّكًا	وَأَاتَتْ كُلَّ وَاحِدَةٍ مِّنْهُنَّ
she sent for them	and prepared	a banquet for them	and she gave each one of them
سِكِّينًا	وَقَالَتِ	اخْرُجْ عَلَيْهِنَّ	فَلَمَّا رَأَيْتَهُنَّ
a knife	and said (to Joseph)	come out before them	then when they saw him
أَكْبَرْتَهُ	وَقَطَّعْنَ أَيْدِيَهُنَّ	وَقُلْنَ حَاشَ لِلَّهِ	
they exalted him (at his beauty)	and cut their hands	and they said	
مَا هَذَا	بَشَرًا	إِنْ هَذَا	إِلَّا مَلَكٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿٣١﴾
this (is) not	a man	this (is) none	but an angel noble

قَالَتْ فَذَلِكُنَّ الَّذِي لُمْتُنَّنِي فِيهِ وَلَقَدْ رُودَتْهُ عَنِ نَفْسِهِ فَأَسْتَعْصِمُ وَلَئِن لَّمْ يَفْعَلْ مَاءَ أَمْرِهِ

لَيْسَجَنَّ وَلَيَكُونَا مِنَ الصَّغِيرِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾ قَالَ رَبِّ السِّجْنُ أَحَبُّ إِلَيَّ مِمَّا يَدْعُونَنِي إِلَيْهِ وَإِلَّا تَصْرِفْ عَنِّي كَيْدَهُنَّ أَصْبُ إِلَيْهِنَّ وَأَكُنْ مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ ﴿٣٣﴾

32. She said: "This is he (the young man) about whom you did blame me, and I did seek to seduce him, but he refused. And now if he refuses to obey my order, he shall certainly be cast into prison, and will be one of those who are disgraced." 33. He said: "O my Lord! Prison is dearer to me than that to which they invite me. Unless You turn away their plot from me, I will feel inclined towards them and be one (of those who commit sin and deserve blame or those who do deeds) of the ignorant."

قَالَتْ فَذَلِكُنَّ	الَّذِي	لَمَتْنِي	فِيهِ	وَلَقَدْ رَوَدْتُهُ
she said this	(is) he whom	you did blame me	about [him]	and indeed I sought to seduce him
عَنْ نَفْسِهِ	فَأَسْتَعْصِمُ	وَلَئِن	لَّمْ يَفْعَلْ مَا	أَأْمُرُهُ
[from himself]	but he refused	and if	he did not do what	I order him
لَيْسَجَنَّ	وَلَيَكُونَا	مِنَ الصَّغِيرِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾		
he shall certainly be cast into prison	and will surely be	(one) of (those who are) disgraced		
قَالَ رَبِّ السِّجْنُ	أَحَبُّ	إِلَيَّ	مِمَّا	يَدْعُونَنِي
he said (O) my Lord prison	(is) dearer	to me	than what	they invite me
وَإِلَّا تَصْرِفْ	عَنِّي	كَيْدَهُنَّ	أَصْبُ إِلَيْهِنَّ	
and unless you turn away	from me	their plot	I will feel inclined towards them	
	وَأَكُنْ	مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ ﴿٣٣﴾		
	and be	(one) of the ignorant		

فَأَسْتَجَابَ لَهُ رَبُّهُ، فَصَرَفَ عَنْهُ كَيْدَهُنَّ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿٣٤﴾ ثُمَّ بَدَأَهُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا رَأَوْا الْآيَاتِ لَيْسَجْنَتْهُ، حَتَّىٰ حِينٍ ﴿٣٥﴾ وَدَخَلَ مَعَهُ السِّجْنَ فَتَيَانٍ قَالَ أَحَدُهُمَا إِنِّي أَرَانِي أَعْصِرُ خَمْرًا وَقَالَ الْآخَرُ إِنِّي أَرَانِي أَحْمِلُ فَوْقَ رَأْسِي خُبْرًا تَأْكُلُ الطَّيْرُ مِنْهُ نَبَأْنَا بِتَأْوِيلِهِ ۗ إِنَّا نَرْبُكَ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿٣٦﴾

34. So his Lord answered his invocation and turned away from him their plot. Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower. 35. Then it occurred to them, after they had seen the proofs (of his innocence), to imprison him for a time. 36. And there entered with him two young men in the prison. One of them said: "Verily, I saw myself (in a dream) pressing wine." The other said: "Verily, I saw myself (in a dream) carrying bread on my head and birds were eating thereof." (They said): "Inform us of the interpretation of this. Verily, we think you are one of the *Muhsinūn* (doers of good)."

عَنْهُ	فَصَرَفَ	رَبَّهُ،	لَهُ،	فَأَسْتَجَابَ
from him	and turned away	his Lord	[to] him (his invocation)	so answered
بَدَاهُمْ	ثُمَّ	الْعَلِيمُ	هُوَ السَّمِيعُ	إِنَّهُ،
it appeared to them	then	the All-Knower	[He] (is) the All-Hearer	verily He
كَيْدَهُنَّ	رَأَوْا	الْآيَاتِ	مِنْ بَعْدَمَا	
their plot	they had seen	the proofs (of his innocence)	after	
حَتَّىٰ حِينٍ	لِيَسْجُنَنَّهُ،			
for a time	to imprison him			
وَدَخَلَ مَعَهُ	الْبِجْنَ	فَتَيَانِ	قَالَ أَحَدُهُمَا	إِنِّي
and (there) entered with him	(in) the prison	two young men	one of them said	verily I
أَرْنِي	أَعَصِرُ خَمْرًا	وَقَالَ الْآخَرُ	إِنِّي	
saw myself (in a dream)	pressing wine	and the other said	verily I	
أَرْنِي	أَحْمِلُ فَوْقَ	رَأْسِي	خُبْرًا	تَأْكُلُ الطَّيْرُ
saw myself (in a dream)	carrying on	my head	bread	birds were eating
مِنْهُ	نَبِّئْنَا	بِتَأْوِيلِهِ	إِنَّا	
thereof	(they said) inform us	of the interpretation of this	verily we	
	نَرَبِّكَ	مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ		
	think you	(one) of the good-doers		

قَالَ لَا يَأْتِيكُمَا طَعَامٌ تُرْزَقَانِهِ إِلَّا نَبَأْتُكُمَا بِتَأْوِيلِهِ قَبْلَ أَنْ يَأْتِيَكُمَا ذَلِكَ مِمَّا عَلَّمَنِي رَبِّي إِنِّي تَرَكْتُ مِلَّةَ قَوْمٍ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ كَافِرُونَ ﴿٣٦﴾ وَأَتَّبَعْتُ مِلَّةَ آبَائِي إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ مَا كَانُوا لَنَا أَنْ نَشْرِكَ بِاللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ ذَلِكَ مِنْ

فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا وَعَلَى النَّاسِ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٢٨﴾

37. He said: "No food will come to you (in wakefulness or in dream) as your provision, but I will inform (in wakefulness) its interpretation before it (the food) comes. This is of that which my Lord has taught me. Verily, I have abandoned the religion of a people that believe not in Allāh and are disbelievers in the Hereafter (i.e. the *Kan`ānyūn* of Egypt who were polytheists and used to worship the sun and other false deities). 38. "And I have followed the religion of my fathers, – Ibrāhīm (Abraham), Ishāq (Isaac) and Ya'qūb (Jacob) [ﷺ], and never could we attribute any partners whatsoever to Allāh. This is from the Grace of Allāh to us and to mankind, but most men thank not (i.e. they neither believe in Allāh nor worship Him).

قَالَ	لَا يَأْتِيَكُمَا	طَعَامٌ	تُرْزَقَانِهِ ۚ	إِلَّا نَبَأْتُكُمَا
he said	will not come to you both	food	which you are provided	but I will inform you
بِتَأْوِيلِهِ ۗ	قَبْلَ	أَنْ يَأْتِيَكُمَا	ذَلِكَمَا	مِمَّا
of its interpretation	before	[that] it (the food) comes to you	this	(is) of that which
عَلَّمَنِي	رَبِّي ۗ	إِنِّي تَرَكْتُ	مِلَّةَ	قَوْمِ
has taught me	my Lord	verily I have abandoned	(the) religion	(of) a people
لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ	بِاللَّهِ	وَهُمْ	بِالْآخِرَةِ	هُمْ
that believe not	in Allah	and they	in the Hereafter	[they]
وَاتَّبَعْتُ مِلَّةَ	ءَابَائِي	إِبْرَاهِيمَ	وَإِسْحَاقَ	وَيَعْقُوبَ ۗ
and I have followed (the) religion	(of) my fathers	Abraham	and Isaac	and Jacob
مَا كَانَتْ لَنَا	أَنْ نُشْرِكَ	بِاللَّهِ	مِنْ شَيْءٍ ۗ	ذَلِكَ
it is not	that we attribute	to Allah	anything	this
عَلَيْنَا	وَعَلَى النَّاسِ	وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ	النَّاسِ	لَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٢٨﴾
to us	and to mankind	[and] but most	(of) mankind	thank not

يُصَدِّحِي السِّجْنَ ءَأَرْبَابٌ مُتَفَرِّقُونَ خَيْرٌ أَمِ اللَّهُ الْوَاحِدُ الْقَهَّارُ ﴿٢٩﴾ مَا تَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ ۚ إِلَّا أَسْمَاءُ سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا أَنْتُمْ وَءَابَاؤُكُمْ مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ بِهَا مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ ۚ إِنَّ

الْحُكْمَ إِلَّا لِلَّهِ أَمَرَ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ ذَلِكَ الدِّينُ الْقَيِّمُ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٤٣﴾

39. "O two companions of the prison! Are many different lords (gods) better or Allāh, the One, the Irresistible? 40. "You do not worship besides Him but only names which you have named (forged) – you and your fathers – for which Allāh has sent down no authority. The command (or the judgement) is for none but Allāh. He has commanded that you worship none but Him (i.e. His Monotheism); that is the (true) straight religion, but most men know not.

يُصَدِّجِي	السِّجْنِ	ءَ أَرْبَابٌ	مُتَّفَرِّقَاتٍ	خَيْرٌ
O two companions	(of) the prison	(are) many lords (gods)?	different	better
أَمْرَ اللَّهِ	الْوَحْدِ	مَا تَعْبُدُونَ	مِنْ دُونِهِ	إِلَّا أَسْمَاءَ
or Allah	the One	you worship not	besides Him	but names
سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا	أَنْتُمْ	وَأَبَاؤُكُمْ	مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ	
which you have named (forged)	you	and your fathers	Allah has not sent down	
بِهَا	مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ	إِنِ الْحُكْمُ	إِلَّا لِلَّهِ	أَمَرَ
for it	any authority	the command (is) not	for Allah	He has commanded
أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوا	إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ	ذَلِكَ	الدِّينِ	الْقَيِّمِ
that you worship none	but Him	that	(is) the religion	(true) straight
وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ	النَّاسِ	لَا يَعْلَمُونَ		
[and] but most	men	know not		

يُصَدِّجِي السِّجْنِ أَمَّا أَحَدُكُمْ فَيَسْقَى رَبَّهُ، خَمْرًا وَأَمَّا الْآخَرُ فَيُصَلِّبُ فَتَأْكُلُ الطَّيْرُ مِنْ رَأْسِهِ قُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ الَّذِي فِيهِ تَسْتَفْتِيَانِ ﴿٤١﴾ وَقَالَ لِلَّذِي ظَنَّ أَنَّهُ نَاجٍ مِّنْهُمَا اذْكُرْنِي عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ فَأَنَسَهُ الشَّيْطَانُ ذِكْرَ رَبِّهِ فَلَبِثَ فِي السِّجْنِ بِضْعَ

سِنِينَ ﴿٤٢﴾

41. "O two companions of the prison! As for one of you, he (as a servant) will

pour out wine for his lord (king or master) to drink; and as for the other, he will be crucified and birds will eat from his head. Thus is the case judged concerning which you both did inquire." 42. And he said to the one whom he knew to be saved: "Mention me to your lord (i.e. your king, so as to get me out of the prison)." But *Shaitān* (Satan) made him forget to mention it to his lord [or Satan made {Yūsuf (Joseph)} to forget the remembrance of his Lord (Allāh) as to ask for His Help, instead of others]. So [Yūsuf (Joseph)] stayed in prison a few (more) years.

يَصْحَبِي	السِّجْنِ	أَمَّا أَحَدُكُمَا	فَيَسْقِي رَبَّهُ.
0 two companions	(of) the prison	as for one of you	he will serve for his master
خَمْرًا	وَأَمَّا الْآخَرُ	فَيُصَلَّبُ	فَتَأْكُلُ الطَّيْرُ
wine	and as for the other	he will be crucified	and birds will eat
مِنْ رَأْسِهِ	وَقَالَ	فِيهِ تَسْنَفَتِيَانِ ﴿٤١﴾	وَقَالَ
from his head	and he said	you both did inquire concerning it	and he said
لِلَّذِي ظَنَّ	الَّذِي	نَاجٍ	أَذْكُرُنِي
to the one whom he knew	which	(would be) saved	mention me
عِنْدَ	رَبِّكَ	فَأَنْسَاهُ	ذَكَرَ
to	your master (king)	but made him forget	to mention (it)
رَبِّهِ	فَلَيْتَ	فِي السِّجْنِ	بِضْعِ
(to) his master (king)	so he (Joseph) stayed	in prison	a few (more)
			سِنِينَ ﴿٤٢﴾
			years

وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ إِنِّي أَرَى سَبْعَ بَقَرَاتٍ سِمَانٍ يَأْكُلُهُنَّ سَبْعٌ عِجَافٌ وَسَبْعَ سُنبُلَاتٍ خُضْرٍ وَأُخَرَ يَابِسَاتٍ يَأْتِيهَا أَمْلَأُ آفْتُونِي فِي رُءْيَايَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لِلرُّءْيَا تَعْبُرُونَ ﴿٤٣﴾ قَالُوا أَضْغَثٌ أَحْلَمٍ وَمَا نَحْنُ بِتَأْوِيلِ الْأَحْلَامِ بِعَالِمِينَ ﴿٤٤﴾ وَقَالَ الَّذِي نَجَا مِنْهُمَا وَادَّكَرَ بَعْدَ أُمَّةٍ أَنَا أُنذِرُكُمْ بِتَأْوِيلِهِ فَأَرْسِلُونِ ﴿٤٥﴾

43. And the king (of Egypt) said: "Verily, I saw (in a dream) seven fat cows, whom seven lean ones were devouring, and seven green ears of corn, and (seven) others dry. O notables! Explain to me my dream, if it be that you can

interpret dreams." 44. They said: "Mixed up false dreams and we are not skilled in the interpretation of dreams." 45. Then the man who was released (one of the two who were in prison), now at length remembered and said: "I will tell you its interpretation, so send me forth."

سِمَانِ	بَقَرَاتٍ	سَبْعَ	إِنِّي أَرَى		وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ
fat	cows	seven	verily I saw (in a dream)		and the king (of Egypt) said
خُضْرٍ	سُنْبُلَاتٍ	وَسَبْعَ	عِجَافٍ	سَبْعَ	يَأْكُلُهُنَّ
green	ears of corn	and seven	lean ones	seven	whom were devouring
فِي رُءْيَايَ	أَفْتُونِي	الْمَلَأُ	يَتَأَيَّهَا	يَابِسَتْ	وَأُخَرَ
my dream	explain to me	notables	0	dry	and (seven) others
أَحْلَمِ	أَضْغَثُ	قَالُوا	لِلرَّءِيءِ يَا تَعْبُرُونَ	إِنْ كُنْتُمْ	
dreams	mixed up false	they said	for dreams to interpret	if you are (able)	
بِعَالَمِينَ	الْأَحْلَامِ	يَتَأْوِيلُ		نَحْنُ	وَمَا
skilled	(of) dreams	(are) in (the) interpretation		we	and not
وَأَذْكَرَ بَعْدَ	نَجَّاهُمَا		وَقَالَ الَّذِي		
and remembered after	was released of both of them		and said the man who		
فَأَرْسَلُونِي	بِتَأْوِيلِهِ	أَنْتُمْ كُمْ	أَنَا	أُمَّةٍ	
so send me forth	[of] its interpretation	will tell you	I	a period	

يُوسُفُ أَيُّهَا الصِّدِّيقُ أَفْتِنَا فِي سَبْعِ بَقَرَاتٍ سِمَانٍ يَأْكُلُهُنَّ سَبْعَ عِجَافٍ وَسَبْعَ سُنْبُلَاتٍ خُضْرٍ وَأُخَرَ يَابِسَتْ لَعَلِّي أَرْجِعُ إِلَى النَّاسِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٤٦﴾ قَالَ تَزْرَعُونَ سَبْعَ سِنِينَ دَابًّا فَمَا حَصَدْتُمْ فَذَرُوهُ فِي سُنْبُلِهِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِمَّا تَأْكُلُونَ ﴿٤٧﴾

46. (He said): "O Yūsuf (Joseph), the man of truth! Explain to us (the dream) of seven fat cows whom seven lean ones were devouring, and of seven green ears of corn, and (seven) others dry, that I may return to the people, and that they may know." 47. [Yūsuf (Joseph)] said: "For seven consecutive years, you shall sow as usual and that (the harvest) which you reap you shall leave it in the ears, (all) except a little of it which you may eat.

يُوسُفُ	أَيْهَا	الصَّادِقُ	أَقْتَنَا	فِي سَبْعِ
(he said) Joseph	[O]	the man of truth	explain to us (the dream)	of seven
بَقَرَاتِ سِمَانٍ	يَأْكُلَهُنَّ	سَبْعَ	عِجَافٍ	وَسَبْعِ
fat	were devouring them	seven	lean ones	and (of) seven
خَضِرٍ	وَأُخَرَ	يَابَسَتْ	لَعَلِّي أَرْجِعُ	لَعَلَّهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٤٦﴾
green	and (seven) others	dry	that I may return	so that they may know
قَالَ	تَزْرَعُونَ سَبْعَ	سِنِينَ	دَابًّا	فَمَا حَصَدْتُمْ
he (Joseph) said	you shall sow (for) seven	years	as usual	and that which you reap
فَذَرُوهُ	فِي سُنْبُلِهِ	إِلَّا قَلِيلًا	مِمَّا تَأْكُلُونَ ﴿٤٧﴾	
so you shall leave it	in its ears	except a little	of which you may eat	

ثُمَّ يَأْتِي مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ سَبْعٌ شِدَادٌ يَأْكُلْنَ مَا قَدَّمْتُمْ لَهُنَّ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِمَّا حَصَّنْتُمْ ﴿٤٨﴾ ثُمَّ يَأْتِي مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ عَامٌ فِيهِ يُغَاثُ النَّاسُ وَفِيهِ يَعَصُرُونَ ﴿٤٩﴾ وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ ائْتُونِي بِهِ فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُ الرَّسُولُ قَالَ ارْجِعْ إِلَى رَبِّكَ فَسْأَلْهُ مَا بَالُ النِّسْوَةِ الَّتِي قَطَعْنَ أَيْدِيَهُنَّ إِنَّ رَبِّي بِكَيْدِهِنَّ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٥٠﴾

48. "Then will come after that, seven hard (years), which will devour what you have laid by in advance for them, (all) except a little of that which you have guarded (stored). 49. "Then thereafter will come a year in which people will have abundant rain and in which they will press (wine and oil)." 50. And the king said: "Bring him to me." But when the messenger came to him, [Yusuf (Joseph)] said: "Return to your lord and ask him, 'What happened to the women who cut their hands? Surely, my Lord (Allāh) is All-Knower of their plot.'"

ثُمَّ	يَأْتِي مِنْ بَعْدِ	ذَلِكَ	سَبْعٌ	شِدَادٌ	يَأْكُلْنَ مَا
then	will come after	that	seven	hard (years)	which will devour what
فَدَّمْتُمْ لَهُنَّ	إِلَّا قَلِيلًا	مِمَّا حَصَّنْتُمْ ﴿٤٨﴾			
you have laid up in advance for them	except a little	of that which you have guarded (stored)			

ثُمَّ	يَأْتِي مِنْ بَعْدِ	ذَلِكَ	عَامٌ	فِيهِ	يَغَاثُ النَّاسُ
then	will come after	that	a year	in which	the people will have abundant rain
وَفِيهِ يَعْصِرُونَ ﴿٤٩﴾		وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ		أَتُونِي بِهِ	
and in which they will press (wine and oil)		and the king said		bring to me	him
فَلَمَّا	جَاءَهُ	الرَّسُولُ	قَالَ	أَرْجِعْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ	
but when	came to him	the messenger	he (Joseph) said	return to your lord (master)	
فَسَأَلَهُ	مَا	بِأَلْ	النِّسْوَةِ	الَّتِي	قَطَّعْنَ أَيْدِيَهُنَّ
and ask him	what	happened	(to) the women	who	cut their hands
إِنَّ رَبِّي		يَكِيدُ هُنَّ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٥٠﴾			
surely my Lord (Allah)		(is) Well-Aware of their plot			

قَالَ مَا خَطْبُكُمْ إِذْ رَوَدْتَنَّ يُوسُفَ عَنْ نَفْسِهِ قُلْنَ حَاشَ لِلَّهِ مَا عَلِمْنَا عَلَيْهِ مِنْ سُوءٍ قَالَتِ امْرَأَتُ الْعَزِيزِ الْكُنْ حَصْحَصَ الْحَقُّ أَنَا رَوَدْتُهُ عَنْ نَفْسِهِ وَإِنَّهُ لَمِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٥١﴾ ذَلِكَ لِيَعْلَمَ أَنِّي لَمْ أَخْنُهِ بِالْغَيْبِ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي الْخَائِنِينَ ﴿٥٢﴾

51. (The King) said (to the women): "What was your affair when you did seek to seduce Yūsuf (Joseph)?" The women said: "Allāh forbid! No evil know we against him!" The wife of Al-'Azīz said: "Now the truth is manifest (to all); it was I who sought to seduce him, and he is surely of the truthful." 52. [Then Yūsuf (Joseph) said: "I asked for this enquiry] in order that he (Al-'Azīz) may know that I betrayed him not in (his) absence. And verily, Allāh guides not the plot of the betrayers."

قَالَ	مَا	خَطْبُكُمْ	إِذْ	رَوَدْتَنَّ يُوسُفَ	عَنْ نَفْسِهِ
he said	what	(was) your affair	when	you did seek to seduce Joseph	about himself
قُلْنَ	حَاشَ لِلَّهِ	مَا عَلِمْنَا	عَلَيْهِ	مِنْ سُوءٍ	قَالَتِ امْرَأَتُ
they (the women) said	forbid Allah	we know not	against him	any evil	said (the) wife
الْعَزِيزِ	الْكَنْ	حَصْحَصَ الْحَقُّ	أَنَا	رَوَدْتُهُ	عَنْ نَفْسِهِ
(of) Al-Aziz	now	the truth is manifest	(it was) I	who sought to seduce him	about himself

لِيَعْلَمَ		ذَلِكَ	لَمِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ﴿٥١﴾	وَإِنَّهُ،	
(in order) that he (Al-Aziz) may know		[that]	(is) surely of the truthful	and indeed he	
الْخَائِنِينَ ﴿٥٢﴾	لَا يَهْدِي كَيْدَ	وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ	بِالْغَيْبِ	لَمْ أَخْنَهُ	أَنِّي
(of) the betrayers	guides not (the) plot	and that Allah	in secret	betrayed him not	that I

